

*Environmental Response  
Management Application (ERMA)*

# **Basic User's Guide**

Version 3.0  
May 31, 2018



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# INTRODUCTION

## What Is ERMA?

The Environmental Response Management Application (ERMA®) is a web-based geographic information system (GIS) tool that helps emergency responders and environmental resource managers deal with incidents that may adversely impact the environment. ERMA combines real-time and static data to display a single interactive map that makes it easy for users to visualize an active environmental situation or long-term case assessment.

Because ERMA is web-based, users do not have to download any proprietary software onto their computers. It also offers the following advantages:

- It facilitates the integration and synthesis of various types of information.
- It provides a common operational picture to all individuals involved in a response.
- It improves communication and coordination among responders and stakeholders.

ERMA gives resource managers the information they need to make informed decisions when dealing with an incident. The maps it generates are worth the proverbial “thousand words” when communicating the status of response activities.

## What You'll Find in This User Guide

This guide gives an overview of how ERMA works, and then describes what a new user needs to know about ERMA's interface and basic tools. Some of the functions described are available only to ERMA users with accounts or are restricted to users who have certain privilege levels.

The guide contains these sections:

- [ERMA Basics](#) gives an overview of ERMA, including a brief history of the system's origins and a discussion of ERMA's software architecture.
- [Getting Started](#) tells how to get an ERMA account, how to log in to ERMA, and describes how to use the different parts of the ERMA window.
- [Using the ERMA Window](#) will familiarize you with the different areas of the window and where to find the different tools and data layers.
- [Layers Tab](#) where you will find all the layers, or datasets, available in ERMA. Depending on the region, its activity level, and your account access there can be hundreds or even a few thousand layers in one site. Because of the volume of information, the layers are organized into categorical folders and sub-folders that are consistent throughout all the regional ERMA sites. Some of the layers are found in all the ERMA sites, and some of the layers are specific to one region
- [Query Tools Tab](#) describes how to create and edit polygons that you can use to analyze the data available for an area. It also explains how to access data in the NOAA Environmental Sensitivity Index (ESI) maps and in the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Information, Planning, and Conservation Tool (IPaC).
- [Zoom Tab](#) describes the tools you can use to zoom to specific map locations using latitude and longitude coordinates, vessels, or place names.

- [Download Tab](#) explains how to save ERMA data to your computer.
- [Print Tab](#) describes how to print the maps and data displayed in ERMA.
- [Draw Tab](#) explains how to draw points, lines, and polygons on the map to create drawings that you can share with other ERMA users.
- [Appendix](#) provides more information on ERMA such as websites and citations

# ERMA BASICS

ERMA is an online mapping tool offering comprehensive access to localized environmental response information. ERMA integrates both static and real-time data, such as Environmental Sensitivity Index (ESI) maps, ship locations, weather, and ocean currents, in a centralized format. It provides environmental responders and decision-makers with access to data for environmental planning, response, assessment, restoration, and incident drills, as well as for other incidents and natural disasters. The system incorporates data into a fast, user-friendly GIS that can be accessed by command post staff, by active field and remote support teams, and by decision makers and other incident and restoration staff at a variety of locations.

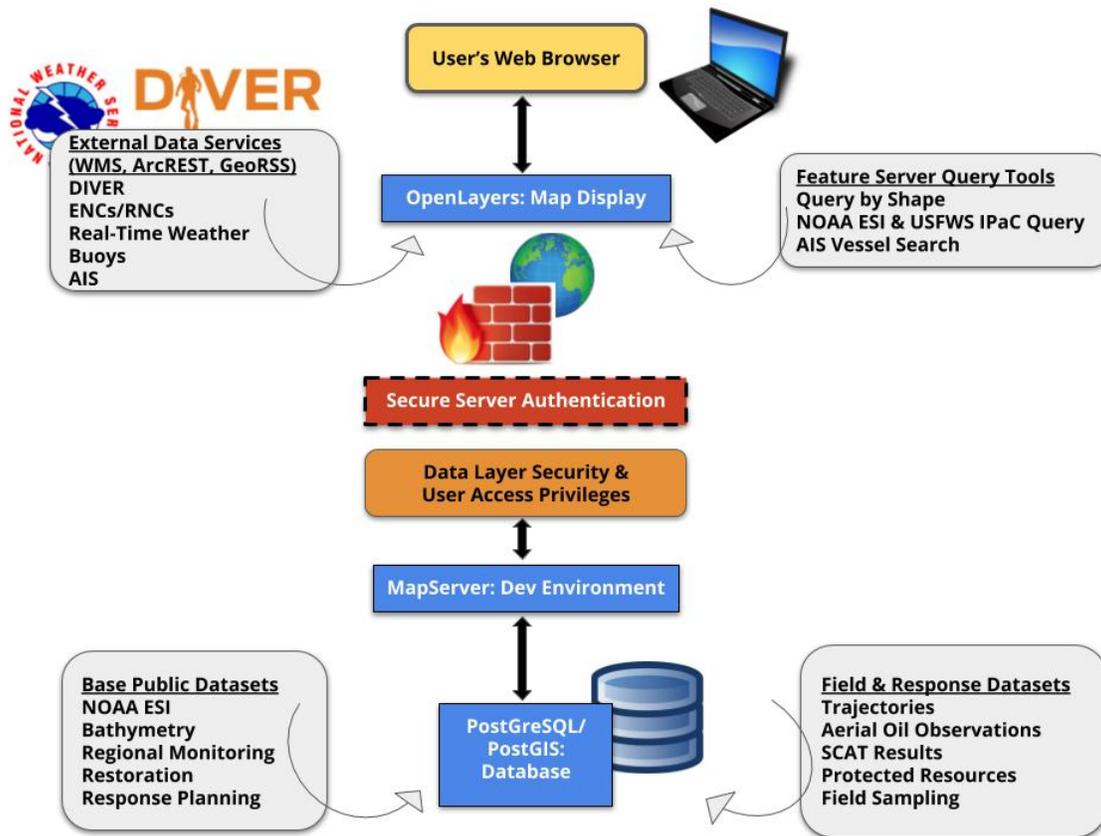
ERMA was developed in 2007 by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and the University of New Hampshire with the Environmental Protection Agency, U.S. Coast Guard, and the Department of the Interior in a cross-agency effort. It is currently organized into eight regional sites: Atlantic, Caribbean, Gulf of Mexico, Southwest, Pacific Islands, Pacific Northwest, Arctic, and the Great Lakes.

## Making ERMA Go: The Technology that Powers ERMA

ERMA is an integrated data management system that incorporates static base layers along with real-time streams of data (such as weather, tides, and ship tracking) into a fast, user-friendly GIS that is accessible to anyone with access to the Internet, whether in the field or at an agency headquarters. ERMA enables a user to quickly and securely access GIS data, photos, and imagery that can be used to solve complex environmental response and resource issues.

The application is based on open source software (PostgreSQL/PostGIS, MapServer, and OpenLayers), that meet Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC) specifications and standards used across federal and international geospatial standards communities. This ensures ERMA is compatible with other commercial and open-source GIS applications that can readily incorporate data from online data projects and avoids licensing costs. Open-source compatibility supports data sharing, leverages existing data projects, reduces ERMA's maintenance costs, and ensures system flexibility as the technology advances. Because ERMA is open source, it can easily be customized to meet specific user requirements.

ERMA operates in the Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) Amazon Cloud, which allows the application to scale as needed for big and small events. The illustration below shows ERMA's basic software architecture and data flows.



## ERMA Security

ERMA enacts a number of security measures to ensure that the datasets used in ERMA are accessible only to those who should have access. Both the data layers and the users are given security levels to determine who sees what in ERMA.

### Layer Security

Each layer that is brought into ERMA, either as a static shapefile, or as a data feed from an external partner, is given a security **sensitivity** level. For example, Public, NRDA, or Responder. There are several other categories that rank in order of highest to lowest sensitivity level. The ERMA Regional Leads work with the data originator to determine what level their data should have.

### User Accounts & Security

In conjunction with the layer security levels, each user is given their own account **privilege** that determines what layer sensitivity levels they will see. These privileges are determined by their agency and staff role, and NOAA Sponsor recommendation. Each user account is vetted by an ERMA Account Manager who looks at the user's request and customizes their account based on the existing NOAA security requirements.

Together, the ERMA layer and user account security measures ensure that ***data are available only to the appropriate users for their appropriate use.***

# GETTING STARTED

## Getting an ERMA Account

ERMA can be accessed by anyone to view publicly-accessible data. To access restricted, non-public data, ERMA users who are active in the environmental response, planning, restoration, and assessment community can apply for an ERMA account. Each account request requires a NOAA Sponsor and is reviewed by an ERMA Account Admin before being approved.

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### To get a new ERMA account:

1. On the ERMA home page, click the **Login** command in the upper-right corner of the screen.



2. When the Login window appears, click **Request Account**. A new browser window opens.

A screenshot of the 'Login' window. It contains two input fields: 'username' and 'password'. Below the fields are two links: 'request account' and 'recover username/password'. A red arrow points to the 'request account' link.

3. Enter the requested information. While the information you need to provide for many of the fields are self-explanatory, you'll find more details about some of fields below the illustration.

**IMPORTANT:** You must provide information for all fields that are marked 'Required.'

ERMA - Request Account Form - Google Chrome

Secure | https://erma.noaa.gov/ERMA/RequestAccount?sitename=atlantic

### Request an ERMA Account

**First Name**  required

**Middle Name**

**Last Name**  required

**Phone**  required

**Email Address**  required Work email address required (not personal)

**Affiliation**  required

**Agency Represented**  required Major government agency or company represented.

**contractor information**

**Contractor**  Yes  No required

**Company (if yes above)**

**NOAA OR&R Sponsor\***  required

**Incident Command Post (if applicable)**

**Office Location (City, State)**  required

**Notes**

\* NOAA Office of Response & Restoration representative that suggested access to the site.

NOAA's Office of Response and Restoration Privacy Act Statement  
US DOC | NOAA | NOS | NOAA Office of Response & Restoration  
Disclaimer | Privacy policy | Official Citation | Contact

Coastal Response Research Center  
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- **Email Address:** Enter a full work email address. Personal email accounts such as a Google Mail or Hotmail do not meet our security protocols.
- **Affiliation:** Open the drop-down list and select the type of organization that you are affiliated with. If none of the listed categories fit your organization, select **Other**.
- **Agency Represented:** Enter the name of your agency or organization.
- **Contractor:** If you work for your organization on a contract basis, select **Yes**. Otherwise, select **No**.
- **Company:** If you are a contractor, enter the name of the contracting company that you work for.
- **NOAA OR&R Sponsor:** Enter the name of the NOAA Office of Response & Restoration representative who suggested that you use ERMA and who can verify you for an account.
- **Incident Command Post:** If you are part of an active response, enter the name of your incident command post.
- **Office Location:** Enter the location of your incident command post or, if you are not part of an active response, the home city of your organization.

- **Notes:** Enter any additional information that would be pertinent to the creation of your NOAA account.
4. Click **Submit**.

Requests for ERMA accounts are processed by the account management team during regular business hours (Monday through Friday from 8 A.M. to 5 P.M.). Processing will be more frequent during a drill or incident. Once your account has been processed you will receive an email from the account management team about accessing ERMA, how to find basic information, names of the ERMA regional leads, and basic documentation.

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## Setting Up Passwords and Account Maintenance

Your password and user account are an important part of keeping ERMA secure. There are NOAA security guidelines to follow for password creation and user account management, including the following password requirements:

Passwords have the following requirements:

- Must be at least 12 characters long
- Contain characters from at least three of these categories:
  - Uppercase letters (A-Z)
  - Lowercase letters (a-z)
  - Non-alpha-numeric characters (such as !, #, \$, %, \*, etc.)
  - Numbers (0-9)
- No dictionary words longer than three characters
- Common proper nouns are disallowed
- No spaces or tabs
- Not used by you within the last two years
- Not a repeat of any of your last eight passwords

- Every 90 days, your password will expire. When you login, you will be prompted with a message notifying you to reset your password. You may change or reset your password before then by clicking the “Change Password” function at the top right of the page.
- If you have not logged into ERMA for 6 months, your account will expire. Before this happens, you will receive an automated email 2 weeks in advance notifying you of this occurrence and to log in again. You will also be required to create a new password.
- If you have not logged into ERMA longer than 6 months and your account is expired, when you try to log in a notice will appear to contact the [orr.ermaaccounts@noaa.gov](mailto:orr.ermaaccounts@noaa.gov) email. Your account will be reviewed and reactivated based on information provided.

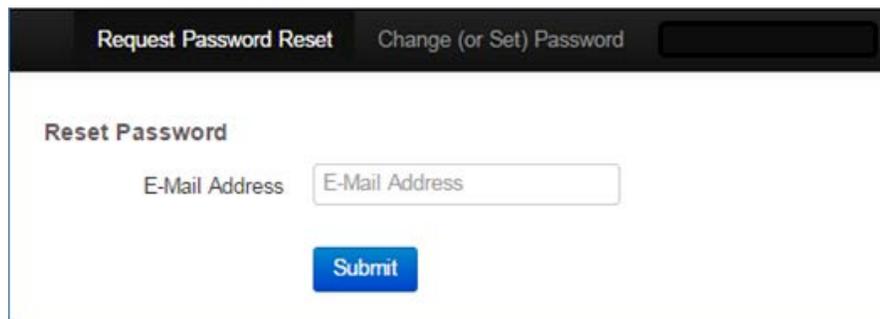
## Recovering Your Password

### To recover your password if you forget or lose it:

1. On the ERMA home page, click the **Login** command (located in the upper-right corner of the screen).
2. When the Login window appears, click **Recover Username/Password**.



3. When the Password Recovery window appears, type your email address (the same address you used when you initially requested your account) in the field provided.



4. Click **Submit**. An automated email will be sent instructing you to create a new password.

## Recovering Your Username

### To recover your username if you forget or lose it:

1. On the ERMA home page, click the **Login** command (located in the upper-right corner of the screen).
2. When the Login window appears, click **Recover Username/Password**.



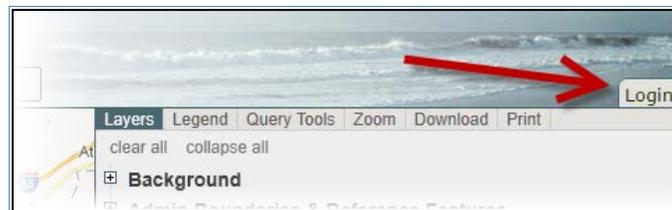
- When the Username/Password Recovery window appears, type your email address (the same address you used when you initially requested your account) in the field provided.

- Click **Submit**. An automated email will be sent containing your username information.

## Logging In and Out

### To log in to ERMA:

- On the ERMA home page, click **Login** in the upper-right corner of the screen.



- When the Login window appears, enter your username and password.
- Read the terms of use detailed in the scrolling box, and once you have checked the box "I Agree", Click **OK**. A message will tell you that your login was successful.
- Once you are in ERMA you will see a Table of Contents to your right containing data layers and additional tools and tabs made available to those who hold ERMA accounts. Users who have access to multiple Regional ERMA sites can go to them without logging in again.

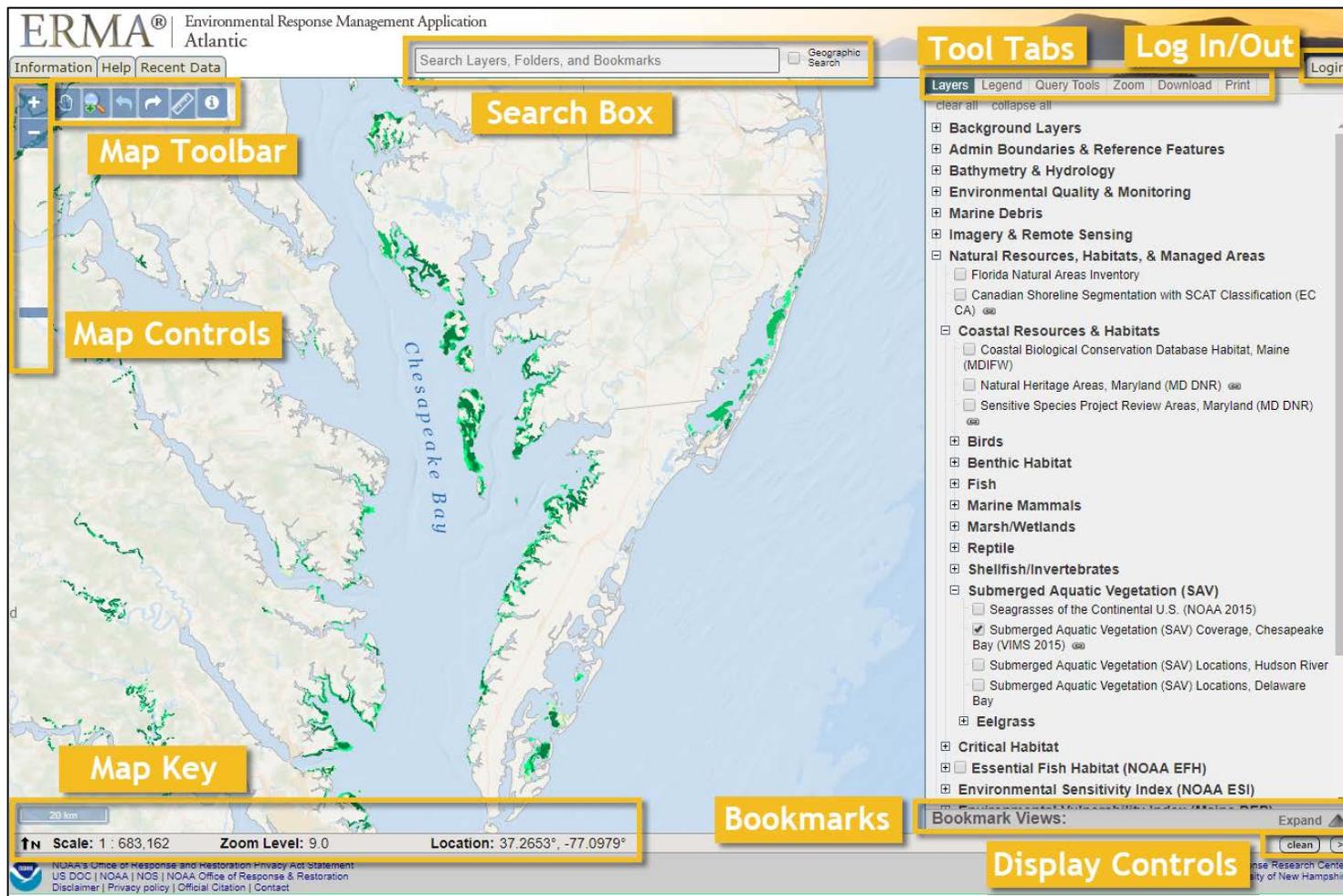
### To log out of ERMA:

Click **Logout** in the upper-right corner of the ERMA window. All restricted folders and layers disappear, and a message tells you that the logout was successful.

**NOTE:** If your ERMA window has been inactive for 2 hours, you will be automatically logged out.

# USING THE ERMA WINDOW

ERMA data is accessed and displayed using the ERMA window. The elements of this window are shown in the illustration below.



The rest of this section describes these elements, starting with the Map Controls and working around the window clockwise.

The upper-left corner of the ERMA window contains several tabs including the **Information** tab, **Help** tab, and **Recent Data** tab.



- The **Information** tab opens a window containing general and design information about ERMA.
- The **Help** tab opens a window containing basic information about using ERMA, including the use of the Map Toolbar and Navigation tabs.
- The **Recent Data** tab opens a window containing links to data that's been uploaded recently. Only the layers that you have the privileges to view will be visible. By default, you will be shown layers added to your ERMA region the past 90 days, but you can enter a new number to increase or reduce the number of days.



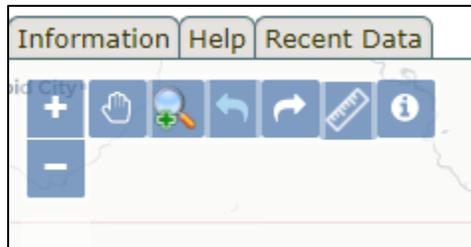
## Map Controls

The Map Controls are located in the upper-left corner of the map. It contains the following controls.

	<p><b>Zoom Level Control</b></p> <p>Allows you to zoom in and out of the map to increase or decrease the zoom level, showing more or less detail.</p> <p>To zoom, click the plus or minus sign on the Zoom Level Control until you've reached the desired zoom level. You can see the new zoom level and map scale in the Map Key at the bottom of the ERMA window.</p>
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## Map Toolbar

The Map Toolbar is located just to the right of the Map Controls. It contains the following controls and tools.

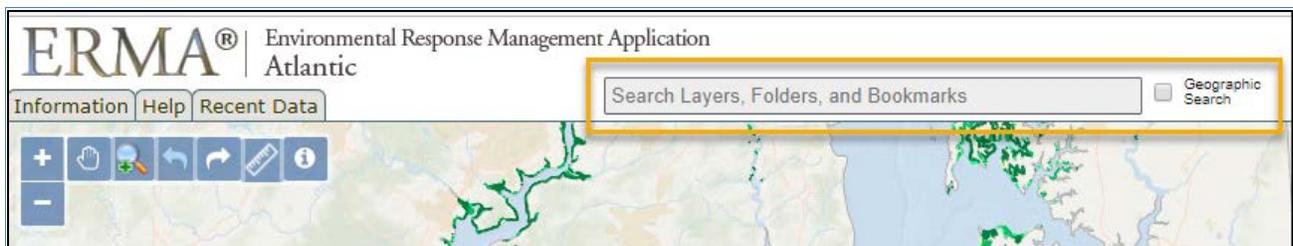


	<p><b>Pan Tool</b></p> <p>Allows you to reposition the map by clicking on a spot and dragging the map.</p> <p>To reposition, select the <b>Pan Tool</b> icon and then click a spot on the map. Hold down your mouse button and drag the map until you have the view that you want. (This tool is selected by default.)</p>
	<p><b>Magnifier Tool</b></p> <p>Allows you to re-center the map on any desired point and then zoom in on that spot.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To re-center, click the <b>Magnifier Tool</b> icon and then click anywhere on the map. Each successive click zooms in on the map's new center.</li> <li>• To zoom in on a specific area, click the <b>Magnifier Tool</b> icon and then use your mouse pointer to draw a box around the area of interest. When you release the mouse button, ERMA zooms the map in on the area you selected.</li> </ul> <p>You can see the zoom level, map scale, and the latitude and longitude of the map's new center in the Map Key at the bottom of the ERMA window.</p>
	<p><b>Previous Extent</b></p> <p>Allows you to zoom the map to the previous geographic extent. It does not revert to previous data layers.</p> <p>Click the icon to switch to the previous map extent without changing any of the currently selected layers. If the icon is white, there is no map extent saved.</p>
	<p><b>Next Extent</b></p> <p>Allows you to zoom the map to the next geographic extent.</p> <p>Click the icon to restore the next map extent without changing any of the currently selected layers. If the icon is white, there is no map extent saved.</p>

 <p>Length (in m / km)</p> <p>Length (in ft / miles)</p> <p>Area (in m<sup>2</sup> / km<sup>2</sup>)</p> <p>Area (in ft<sup>2</sup> / miles<sup>2</sup>)</p> <p>Area (in acres)</p>	<p><b>Measurement Tool</b></p> <p>Allows you to draw a line or polygon on the map to measure distances.</p> <p>To draw a line or polygon, click the <b>Measurement Tool</b> icon and then select which type of feature and measurement value to use. Begin by clicking a point on the map where you want the feature to start. If you single-click at another point, you can continue the feature in another direction. Double-click when you want to end the feature. You can see a running total of the feature's value on the map. Create multiple features at the same time. To make them disappear click on another Map Tool button. These features are temporary and not saved to the map.</p>
	<p><b>Identify Tool</b></p> <p>Allows you to select a point on the map and see attribute information for the layers that are turned on at that particular location.</p> <p>To see the attribute information, turn on one or more layers. Click the <b>Identify Tool</b> icon and then click the desired point on the map. Attribute information will appear in a pop-up window.</p> <p>Clicking anywhere on the map will also open a pop-up window returning the <b>lat/long</b> of the location.</p>

## Search Box

The Search Box is located at the top-center of the ERMA window.



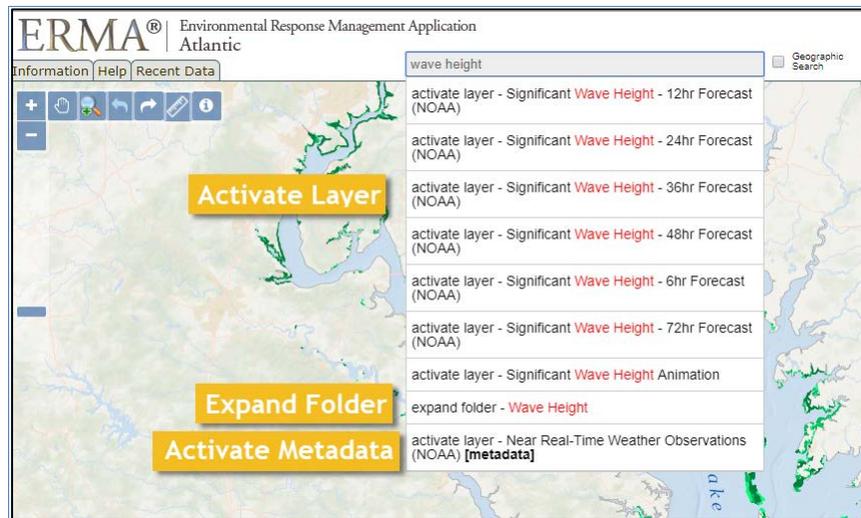
This tool is useful when you want to search for layers, folders, bookmarks, or geographic locations of interest without having to look through multiple folders. Instead, you can enter a word or phrase (which must contain at least three characters) into the **Search Box** and generate a list of results consisting all of the layers, folders, or bookmarks that have your search term in their names. If you would like to search by geographic name or latitude/longitude, check the "Geographic Search" box and type in the location in the search box. A drop-down list of locations will be displayed.

**To use the Search Box to find information in ERMA:**

1. Type the word or phrase that you are interested in. A list of relevant folders, layers, metadata, and bookmarks appears in a drop-down list.



2. You can now select items starting with any of the following:



- **Activate layer:** When selected, the layer is activated, and the data it contains is available for analysis on the map.
- **Activate layer [metadata]:** When selected, the layer with the search term in its metadata is activated. Right-click on the layer name then View Metadata to read the information.
- **Show Bookmark:** When selected, a pre-selected group of layers (called a Bookmark View) is displayed on the map.
- **Expand folder:** When selected, the folder is expanded on the Table of Contents, which allows you to look through the folder for other layers that may be helpful.

## Tool Tabs and Table of Contents

The Tool Tabs and the data layers' Table of Contents (TOC) sit on the right side of the ERMA window. The TOC is accessible via the "Layers" Tab. The rest of the tabs in this part of the ERMA window display panels for tools that let you analyze and download ERMA data.

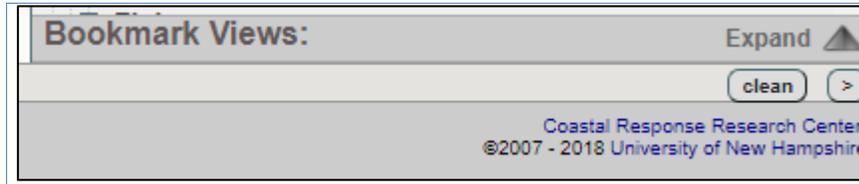


These tools are available on the Table of Contents:

- **[Layers](#)**  
Allows you to view the layers of information that can be displayed on the map. This tab also allows you to access the Bookmark Views.
- **[Legend](#)**  
Helps you interpret the symbology used in the layers displayed on the map. Legend information is automatically generated or updated each time new or different layers are selected for display.
- **[Query Tools](#)**  
Allows you to create and edit polygons on the map and then analyze the data available for that area. It also allows you to access data in the NOAA Environmental Sensitivity Index (ESI) maps and in the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Information Planning and Conservation Tool (IPAC).
- **[Zoom](#)**  
Allows you to zoom in on a particular location by latitude and longitude; by the place name; by ship identification number or ship name.
- **[Download](#)**  
Allows you to download certain types of ERMA shapefile information to your computer.
- **[Print](#)**  
Allows you to generate a PDF of the map displayed in the ERMA window to print or save.
- **[Draw](#)** (Available only to users with the required privileges.)  
Allows you to draw points, lines, and polygons on the map to create a drawing that you can share with other ERMA users.

## Bookmark Views Control

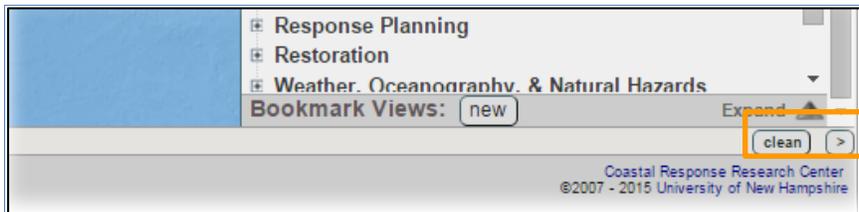
The Bookmark Views control is at the bottom of the **Layers** tab on the Table of Contents. Use this control to open the Bookmark Views panel and create a new Bookmark View. More information on using Bookmarks is in the [Layers Tab](#) section.



<p>Expand ▲</p> <p>Hide ▼</p>	<p><b>Expand/Hide</b></p> <p>Opens and closes the Bookmark Views panel.</p>
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## Display Controls

The Display Controls are two buttons located in lower-right corner of the ERMA window.



<p>clean</p>	<p><b>Clean</b></p> <p>Allows you to make most of the controls, tabs, and buttons on the ERMA map invisible. (Only the Map Key and the tab you are currently using stay visible.) This is especially useful when taking screen shots or preparing a map for a presentation.</p> <p>To restore the hidden elements, click anywhere on the ERMA window.</p>
<p>&gt;</p> <p>&lt;</p>	<p><b>Hide/Display TOC</b></p> <p>Toggles the display of the Navigation tabs and Table of Contents (TOC) and expands the map to fill the full ERMA window.</p>

## Map Key

The Map Key is located in the lower-left portion of the map in the ERMA window.



The Map Key has the following elements:

- **Scale bar:** A graphic showing how many feet/miles or meters/kilometers are represented by a set length on the map.
- **North arrow:** An arrow with a letter N pointing to the map's northerly direction.
- **Scale:** A fractional scale showing the ratio between a set length on the map and the real-world distance that this length represents. In the illustration above, one unit on the map represents 3 million units in the real world.
- **Zoom Level:** The zoom level for the current map display, as set on the Zoom Level control. Levels range from 0 (zoomed out to show the full map) to 19 (zoomed in as far as possible).
- **Location:** The lat/long location indicated by the mouse pointer, to an accuracy of 1/100000 of a degree.

Except for the north arrow, all of these elements update automatically to reflect changes in the zoom level or movement of the mouse pointer.

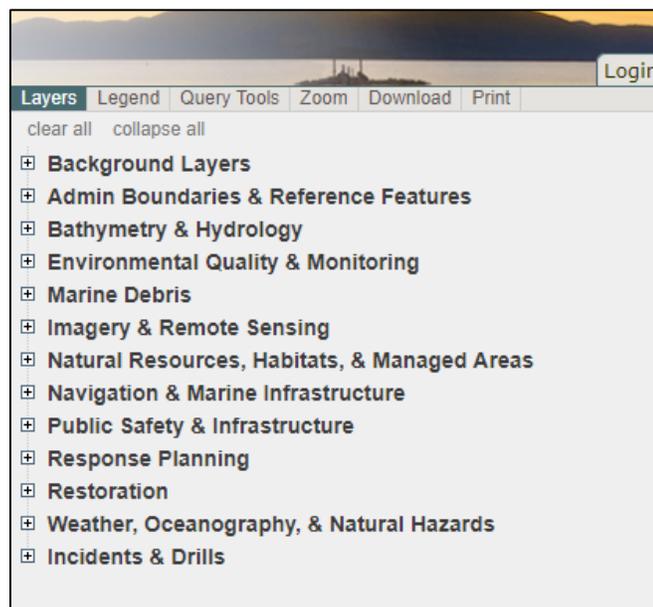
# LAYERS TAB

The Layers tab is where you will find all the layers, or datasets, available in ERMA. Depending on the region, its activity level, and your account access there can be hundreds or even a few thousand layers in one site. Because of the volume of information, the layers are organized into categorical folders and sub-folders that are consistent throughout all the regional ERMA sites. Some of the layers are found in all the ERMA sites, and some of the layers are specific to one region.

The following sections provide more information on using the layers in ERMA.

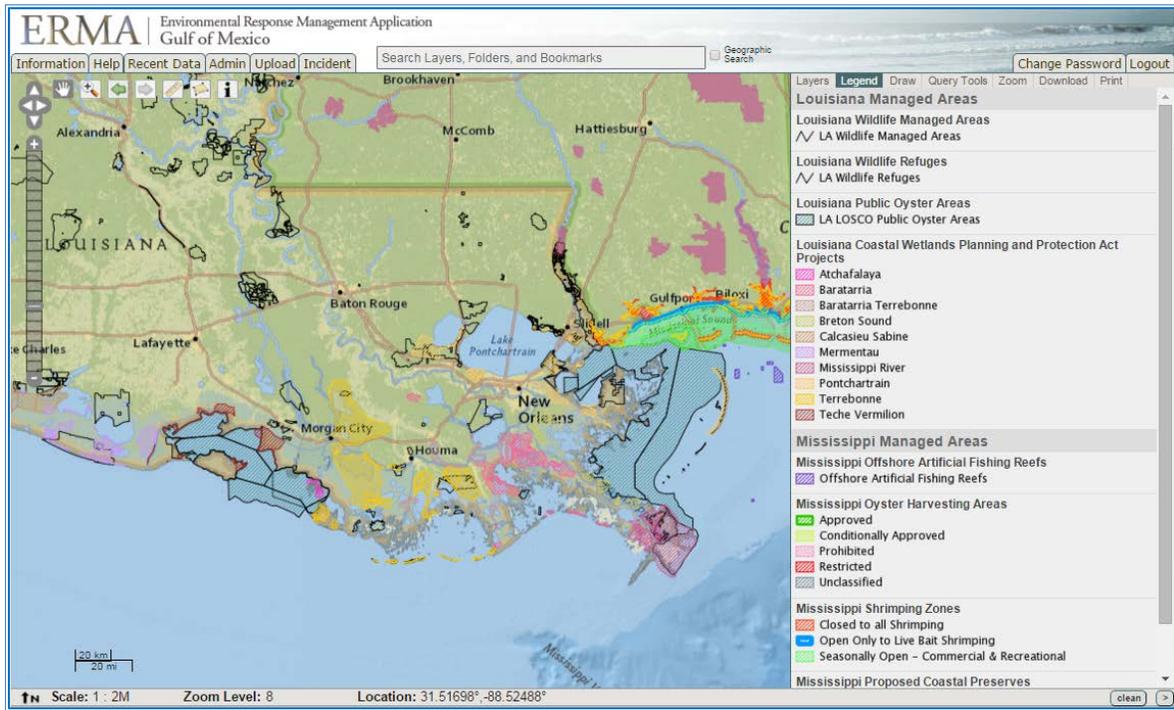
## Base layers in all regions

All of the ERMA regions have a large set of core base layers in common that are mostly publicly accessible without an account. These include national-level datasets such as Weather, Oceanographic Conditions, Nautical Charts, Administrative Boundaries, and Infrastructure. These base layers are to provide consistency and cohesiveness between the regions, so that if you are familiar with one ERMA region it should be seamless to transition to working on another region.



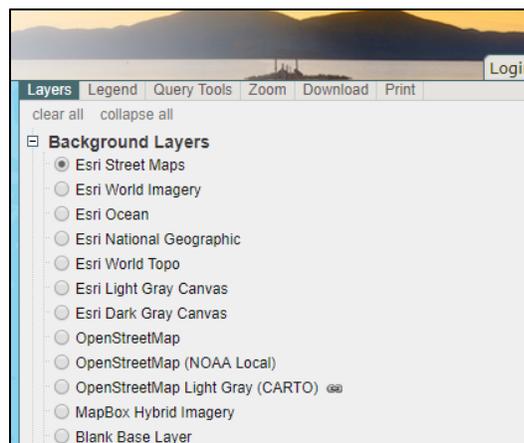
## Legend & Symbology

The **Legend** tab explains the symbols used on the map to represent information. These colors and shapes help users to understand what they are seeing on the map. Legend information is automatically generated or updated each time a layer is created or edited. Legend styles are populated from the styles that are set for a particular layer.



## Background layers

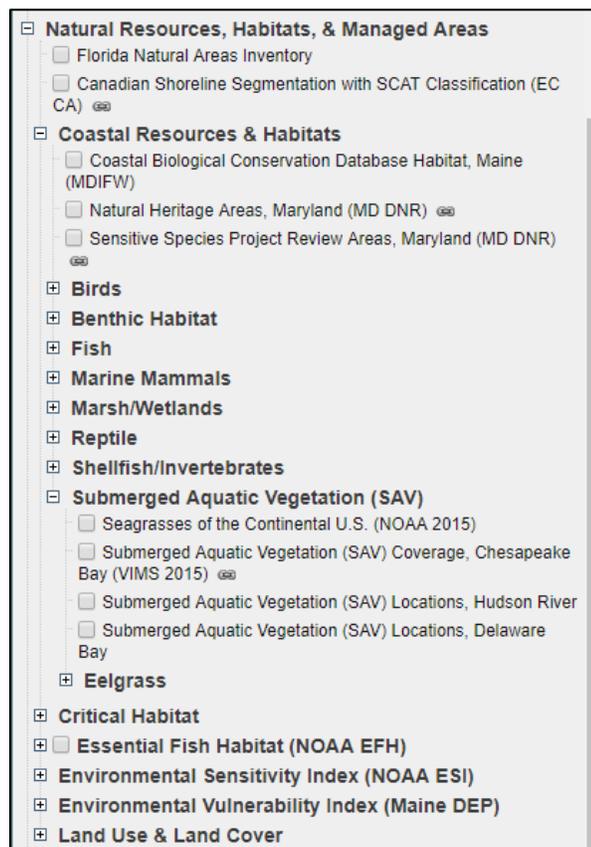
Each ERMA region has the same Background Layers available. These provide a variety of options for overlaying data or for seeing additional background features on your map, such as satellite imagery or oceanographic feature names. We do not provide GoogleMap background layers due to licensing agreements. However, we find that the background layers in ERMA, such as Open Street Maps and ESRI, provide excellent and occasionally better options.



## Region specific layers

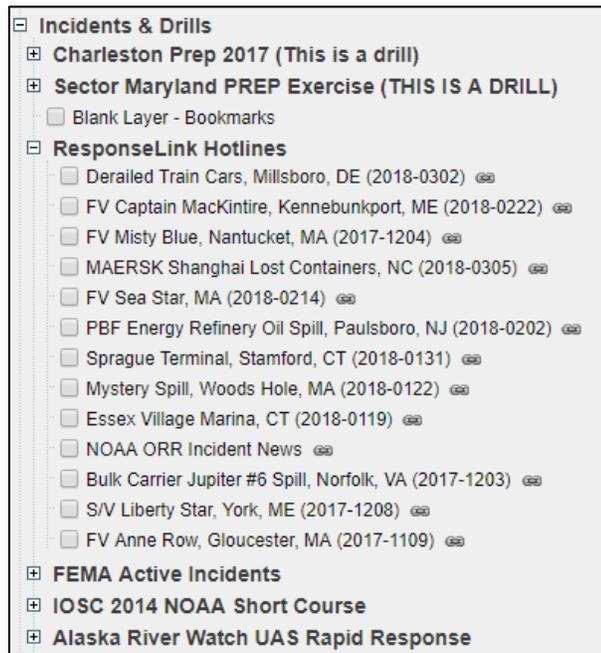
Each ERMA Regional Liaison works with state, federal, and local agencies to curate the most relevant and current datasets for their area. This allows ERMA to act like a portal for displaying a broad set of information important to environmental response and planning for that area. These regional layers include information such as natural resources, endangered species, response planning, environmental quality sampling, and imagery.

The regional layers will include information on the source of the data, when it was published, and the agency's website. We encourage our users to always seek out the data from the original source for the most up-to-date information.

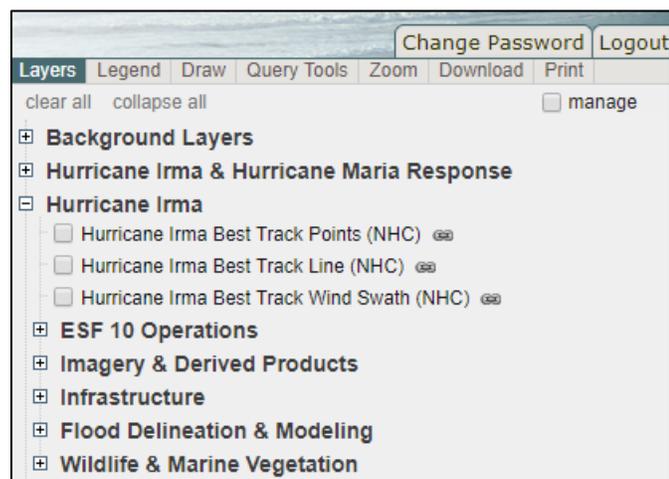


## Incidents & Drills

The Table of Contents includes a folder called Incidents & Drills that contains subfolders for any drill exercises or incidents that have used ERMA for data display. There is also a folder for NOAA OR&R ResponseLink Hotline records that are being investigated. The drill folders and data are archived after six months, and the incident folders and data are archived after one year.



When an incident is actively being responded to and using ERMA for its Common Operational Platform, its folder is moved to the top of the Table of Contents for easier access. Once the incident response has ended and its Natural Resource Damage Assessment has found resolution the folder is moved into an archive section in the Table of Contents. Many of the layers that were used during the incident are now used as base data in the Table of Contents going forward.



## External Server Feeds vs Static Data Layers

ERMA's Table of Contents is made of many different layer types, which can generally be classified as either static or external server feeds. Static layers are loaded into ERMA once and do not change unless they layer is manually replaced in the ERMA database by a new one. These include data types like shapefiles or photos.

External server feed data layers are brought into ERMA through an external agency's web server or data system, and the data are continually or intermittently updated on their server. For example, the weather data that ERMA displays from the National Weather Service is hosted on the NWS server and continuously updated with their data in near real-time, which ERMA displays. Another example is field data collected by the EPA, which is managed by their data managers and hosted on their server, but might be updated once a day or once a week. This allows ERMA to display their data, but to keep the ownership in the hands of our partners.

While the user can't automatically differentiate whether the data they are using are static or from an external server, a review of the metadata should provide enough information on the source of the data.

## Imagery

Historic and recent imagery can provide valuable information on the changes and impacts to a coastal environment. This can include imagery that shows flooding and debris from hurricanes, the footprint of oil on the ocean surface far offshore, and the success of restoration projects in local communities. We work with several agency partners to collect this historic imagery in vulnerable locations like the Arctic and Gulf of Mexico. After an oil spill or hurricane, we obtain imagery from overflights and satellites immediately after it is processed so that it can be displayed in ERMA and aid in decision making.

## Photos

The photos taken by field staff are often the best way to visually communicate the state of how the coastal environment has been impacted. They provide immediate context of the situation, but in the long term, they also provide evidence used in the Natural Resource Damage Assessment case to show how, where, and when resources have been compromised. Our field staff and data managers follow strict photo protocols so that all the forensic data is intact. The photos are geographically referenced and displayed in ERMA, which allows to user to see exactly what the field person saw at that time, and to also to overlay the photo with other spatial information to add to the story.

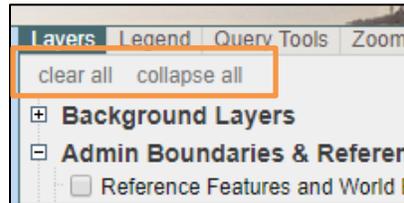
## Attribute Table URL Links

Many layers in ERMA have additional information linked through their attribute table, such as links to external websites or PDF documents. You will know there is additional information available when a small lightning bolt icon appears next to the layer name.



## Clear All, Collapse All

Two handy tools to use when working with layers and Bookmarks in ERMA are the **Clear All** and **Collapse All** links at the top of the TOC in the Layers tab. They appear in small gray font, but are something you should learn to use often. The Clear All link will turn off all layers on the map, and the Collapse All link will collapse any folders and subfolders that have been expanded.



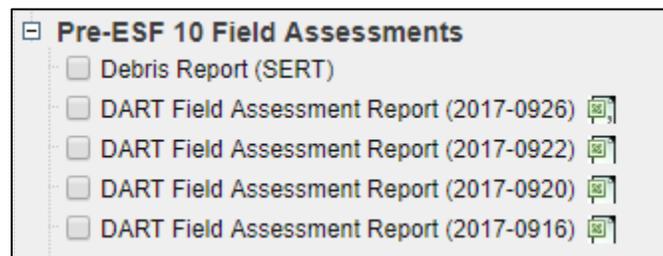
## Layer Attachments (Documents, JPGs, URLs)

In addition to displaying data on the map, ERMA can also provide links to more information about the data. Small icons next to the layer name will link to other information such as a webpage, a PDF document, a spreadsheet, or a photo. To access the external website or document just click on the icon.

*Icons with links to a webpage or PDF document*



*Icons with links to a spreadsheet document*



*Icon with a link to a photo*



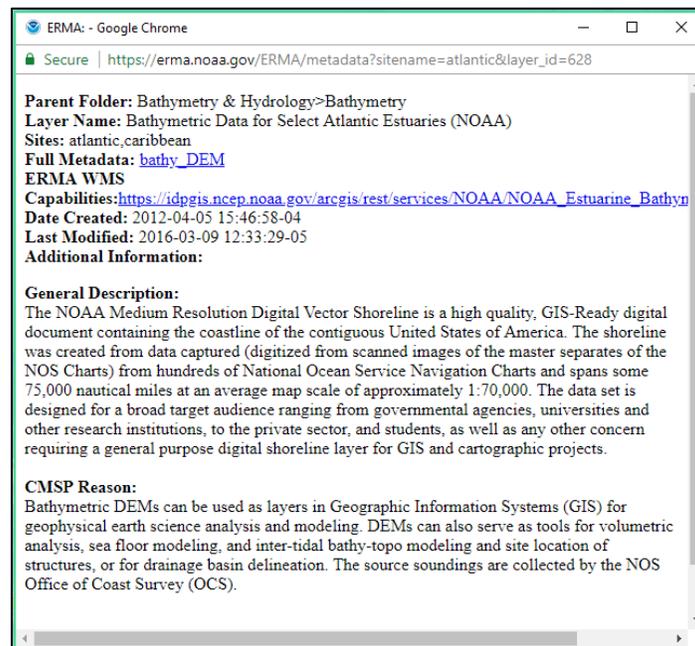
## Layer Shortcut Menu

This shortcut menu appears when you right-click on the name of a selected layer. It allows you to perform specific operations on that layer, such as zooming to the layer's extent, viewing the attribute table data, or displaying metadata. The active commands on this menu vary from layer to layer.



### View Metadata

It is important to have metadata to answer the *Who, What, Why, Where, When* of each layer. ERMA provides "metadata lite" via the View Metadata shortcut to give the user a quick overview of the information. When available there is also a link to the full FGDC metadata as provided by the originator of the dataset.



### Zoom to Extent

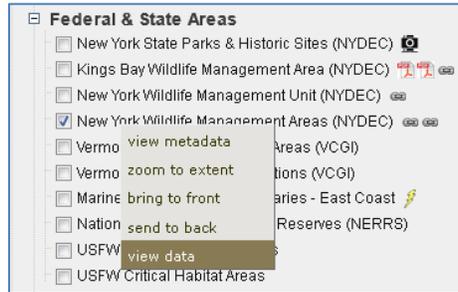
This shortcut option will zoom to the full extent of the layer, which is useful to see its full geographic scope on the ERMA map.

### Bring to Front & Send to Back

When multiple layers are turned on, this is useful to move layers in front of or in back of each other so they can be seen more easily.

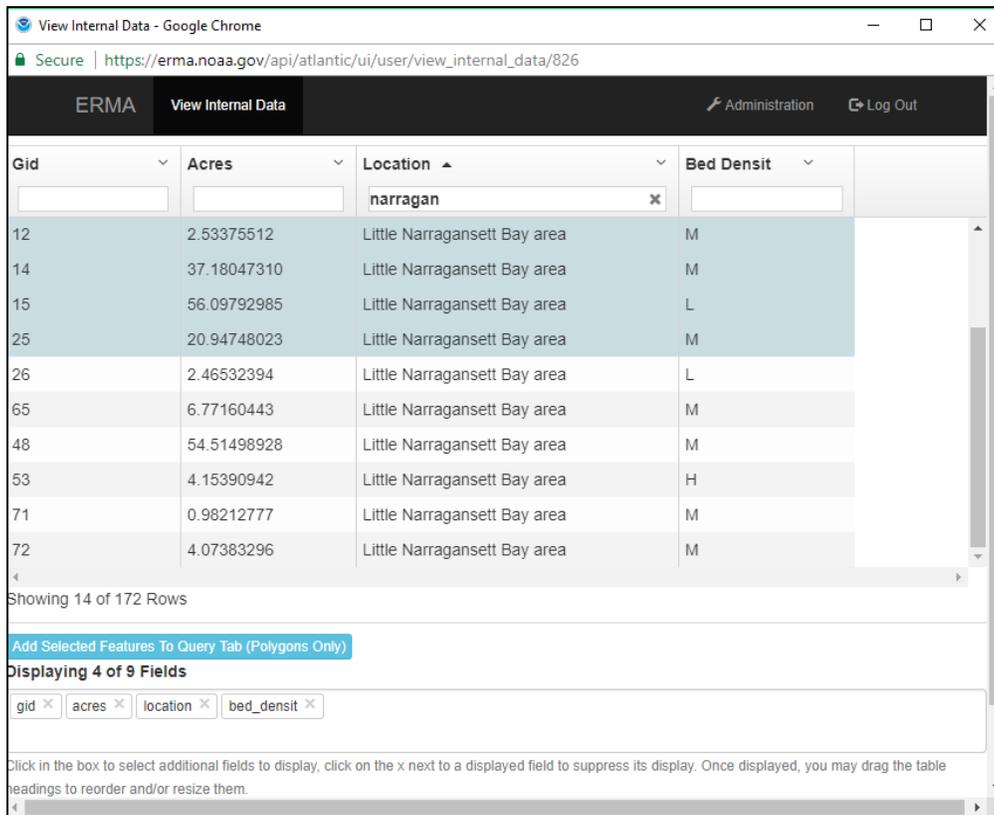
### View Attribute Table Data

Right click on a layer to open the shortcut menu, then click on **View Data** to open its attribute table.



With the attribute table open you can:

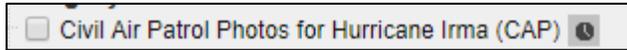
- Sort the columns alphabetically or numerically
- Search for words in the columns to filter the data
- Select records with by clicking the row with your mouse to highlight them on the map.



As explained in the [Adding Attributes Records to the Query by Polygon Tool](#) section, if these features are polygons you can also add them to the Query Tool to analyze with other datasets.

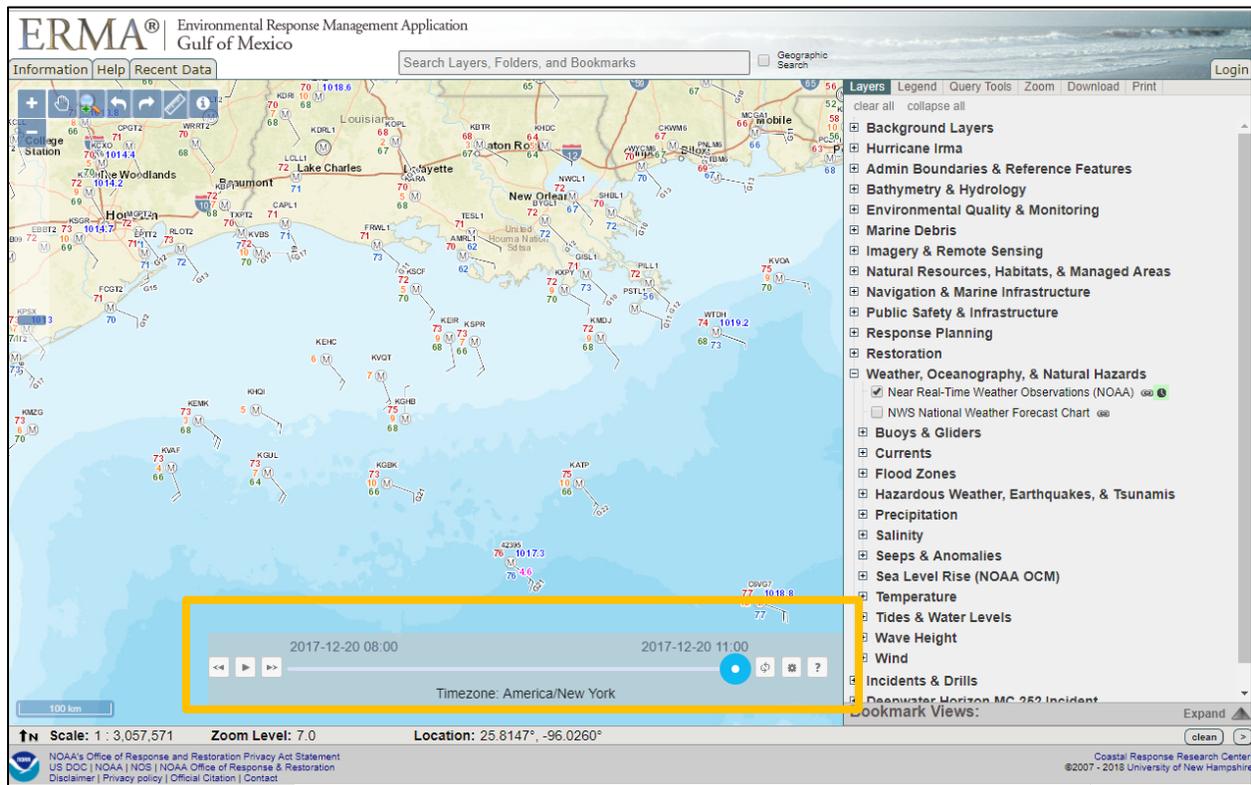
## Time Slider

Some layers in ERMA have time-associated data that allows us to display the data as animation over a period of time, for example weather observations, oceanographic currents, and imagery. These types of layers have the Time Slider “clock” icon next to the layer name.

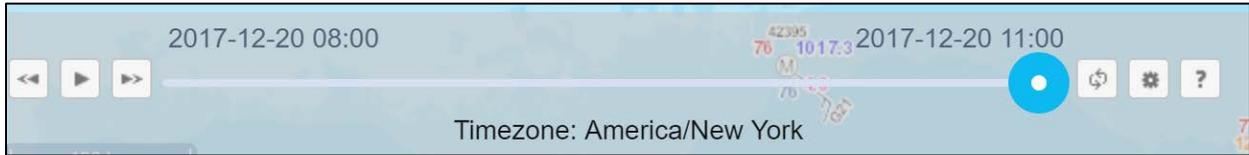


### To use the Time Slider in ERMA:

1. In your layer TOC, you should see a clock icon (🕒) next to certain layer(s).
2. To activate the Time Slider player, turn on the layer, and then click on the clock icon.
3. The Time Slider tool will appear at the bottom of the ERMA map.



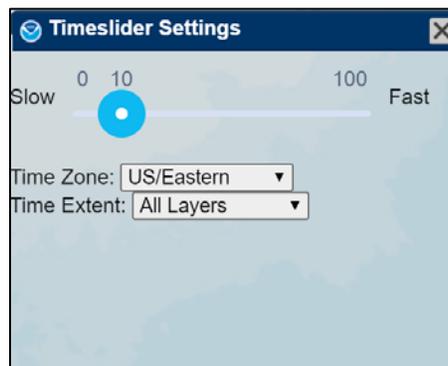
The following explains how to use the Time Slider for your layer:



In this example, the layer has data available from 12/20/2017 at 8 a.m. to 12/20/17 at 11 a.m. Its time zone is set to New York, Eastern Time, which is read from your computer's settings.

	<p><b>Previous Time Step</b> Allows you to go through the previous time steps</p>
<p>Or</p>	<p><b>Play or Pause</b> Allows you to play the time slider or pause at a desired time.</p>
	<p><b>Next Time Step</b> Allows you to go through the next time steps</p>
<p>Or</p>	<p><b>Stop or Loop</b> Allows you to stop the time slider at the end or you can continue to play the time slider from the beginning to the end.</p>
	<p><b>Time Slider Settings</b> Allows you to select setting options for the Time Slider</p>
	<p><b>Time Slider Help</b> Help text that further explains the time slider settings options</p>

When the Time Slider settings are opened you have the following options:



1. To increase or decrease the speed of the animation, slide the bar between Slow (0) and Fast (100).
2. Change the Time Zone, default is your computer's settings.
3. Change the Time Extent to the length of all time-enabled layers displayed, or restrict to the time extent of only one layer. By default, the time slider will be the cumulative time period of all layers added to the time slider.

## Bookmark Views

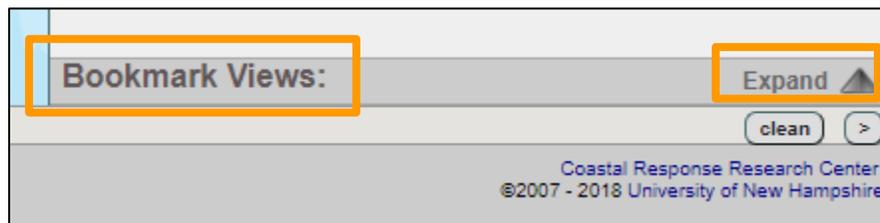
ERMA's Bookmark View function allows you to access preset groups of data of particular interest. Rather than recreating sets of data at the same geographic extent every time you use ERMA, the Bookmark will take you to that set of data and extent each time. The ERMA data managers will also edit the Bookmarks to make sure they contain the most relevant data possible.

Examples of useful Bookmarks include base data and field sampling for a sensitive area. The Bookmark can be routinely updated with new, separate layers to make a more comprehensive story for that area. Another example is a hurricane response, where several times a day the responders will want to see several layers that are constantly being updated. Rather than try to remember where all these layers are in the TOC, it is far simpler to click on the Bookmark to access them immediately.

---

### To use the Bookmark Views

1. Click the Expand button on the Bookmark Views control at the bottom of the Layers tab to open the Bookmark Views panel.



2. Once the panel has expanded you will see Bookmarks (in blue text) and also folders nested with more Bookmarks of a common topic.



- Click on one of the Bookmark names. The layers will appear on the map and it will zoom to the preset zoom level. The TOC will update to show only those layers included in the Bookmark.

- At the top of the TOC is the Bookmark's name and an **Info** button. Clicking this button will pop open a new small window giving you information on when the Bookmark was last modified and a link that you can share with others.

## View Information

**Name:** Natural Resources > Gulf of Mexico GAPS Analysis & Longterm Monitoring

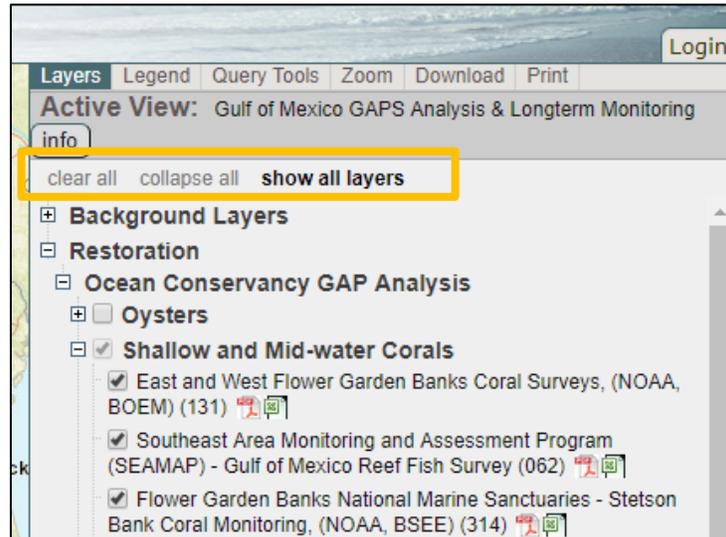
**Last Modified:** Feb 20, 2018 2:53:23 PM

**URL:**  
<https://erma.noaa.gov/gulfofmexico/erma.html#/view=1738>

OK

**NOTE:** The number at the end of this Bookmark link (ex. View=1738) will not change over time, even when new layers are added or edited to the Bookmark. This is a convenient way to share the link in a document or with others without worrying about changes to the link. If the Bookmark is deleted, however, it will not be accessible any longer.

5. To exit the Bookmark back to the full TOC, click the **Show All Layers** link at the top of the TOC. You may also want to click on the Clear All and Collapse All links.



To close the Bookmark Views panel, click the Hide button on the Bookmark Views control.

# QUERY TOOLS TAB

One of the powers of GIS data is the ability to spatially query layers on a map and extract the data from within an area of interest. ERMA has a query tool that allows you to create one or more polygons on the map then analyze ERMA layers using the query tools described in this section.

## Using Polygons to View and Analyze Data

ERMA provides three tools for viewing and analyzing data using the polygon(s) that you have created.

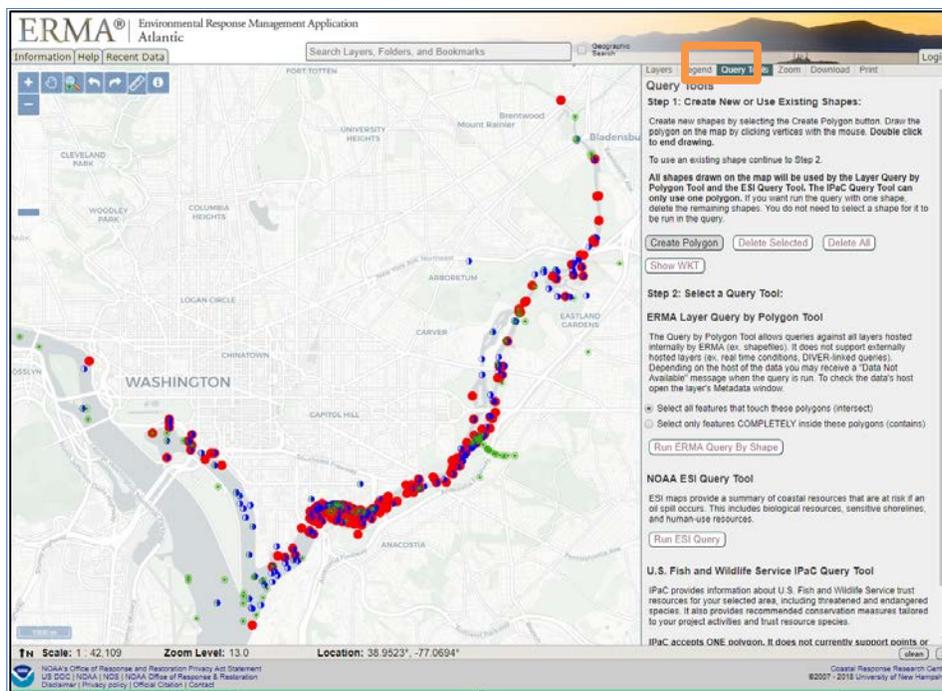
- ERMA Layer Query by Polygon Tool – Queries ERMA layers being viewed on the map.
- NOAA ESI Query Tool - Queries the regional Environmental Sensitivity Index (ESI) database within the map view.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service IPaC Tool – Queries the external Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) database.

## Creating Polygons for Analysis

### Creating a Polygon

To create a shape on the map:

1. On the ERMA window, click the **Query Tools** tab.



- Click **Create Polygon**. A message tells you that the Polygon Tool is active.

Layers Legend **Query Tools** Zoom Download Print

### Query Tools

**Step 1: Create New or Use Existing Shapes:**

Create new shapes by selecting the Create Polygon button. Draw the polygon on the map by clicking vertices with the mouse. **Double click to end drawing.**

To use an existing shape continue to Step 2.

All shapes drawn on the map will be used by the Layer Query by Polygon Tool and the ESI Query Tool. The IPaC Query Tool can only use one polygon. If you want run the query with one shape, delete the remaining shapes. You do not need to select a shape for it to be run in the query.

Stop Drawing Delete Selected Delete All

Show WKT

**Polygon Tool Active**

- To make a polygon, click on a spot on the map and then move the mouse pointer to draw the polygon's first side. For each additional side, click again and draw the new side. To make a smoother polygon or circle, hold down the Shift key while drawing with your mouse. Double-click to end the drawing.

ERMA® Environmental Response Management Application  
Atlantic

Information Help Recent Data Search Layers, Folders, and Bookmarks Geographic Region Login

Layers Legend **Query Tools** Zoom Download Print

### Query Tools

**Step 1: Create New or Use Existing Shapes:**

Create new shapes by selecting the Create Polygon button. Draw the polygon on the map by clicking vertices with the mouse. **Double click to end drawing.**

To use an existing shape continue to Step 2.

All shapes drawn on the map will be used by the Layer Query by Polygon Tool and the ESI Query Tool. The IPaC Query Tool can only use one polygon. If you want run the query with one shape, delete the remaining shapes. You do not need to select a shape for it to be run in the query.

Create Polygon Delete Selected Delete All

Show WKT

**Step 2: Select a Query Tool:**

**ERMA Layer Query by Polygon Tool**

The Query by Polygon Tool allows queries against all layers hosted internally by ERMA (i.e. shapefiles). It does not support externally hosted layers (i.e. real time conditions, DIVER-linked queries). Depending on the host of the data you may receive a "Data Not Available" message when the query is run. To check the data's host open the layer's Metadata window.

Select all features that touch these polygons (intersect)  
 Select only features COMPLETELY inside these polygons (contains)

Run ERMA Query By Shape

**NOAA ESI Query Tool**

ESI maps provide a summary of coastal resources that are at risk if an oil spill occurs. This includes biological resources, sensitive shorelines, and human-use resources.

Run ESI Query

**U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service IPaC Query Tool**

IPaC provides information about U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service trust resources for your selected area, including threatened and endangered species. It also provides recommended conservation measures tailored to your project activities and trust resource species.

IPaC accepts ONE polygon. It does not currently support points or

clean

Scale: 1 : 42,109 Zoom Level: 13 Location: 38.9198°, -76.9414°

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- To edit the polygon, click on the edge and move the line to its new location.
- When the map displays the shape that you want, double-click to end the drawing.

- You can create as many polygons as you like for querying. Repeat steps 2 through 4 for each additional polygon.

## Deleting Polygons

ERMA allows you to delete single polygons or all of the polygons on the map at once.

### To delete a single polygon:

- Click on the polygon that you want to delete and it will be highlighted in dark blue.

The screenshot displays the ERMA Atlantic web application. The map shows Washington, D.C., with several blue polygons drawn over it. The 'Query Tools' panel on the right is open, showing the following options:

- Query Tools**
- Step 1: Create New or Use Existing Shapes:**
  - Create new shapes by selecting the Create Polygon button. Draw the polygon on the map by clicking vertices with the mouse. Double click to end drawing.
  - To use an existing shape continue to Step 2.
  - All shapes drawn on the map will be used by the Layer Query by Polygon Tool and the ESI Query Tool. The IPaC Query Tool can only use one polygon. If you want run the query with one shape, delete the remaining shapes. You do not need to select a shape for it to be run in the query.
  - Buttons: Create Polygon, Delete Selected, Delete All, Show WKT
- Step 2: Select a Query Tool:**
- ERMA Layer Query by Polygon Tool**
  - The Query by Polygon Tool allows queries against all layers hosted internally by ERMA (ex. shapefiles). It does not support externally hosted layers (ex. real time conditions, DIVER-linked queries). Depending on the host of the data you may receive a "Data Not Available" message when the query is run. To check the data's host open the layer's Metadata window.
  - Options:
    - Select all features that touch these polygons (Intersect)
    - Select only features COMPLETELY inside these polygons (contains)
  - Button: Run ERMA Query By Shape
- NOAA ESI Query Tool**
  - ESI maps provide a summary of coastal resources that are at risk if an oil spill occurs. This includes biological resources, sensitive shorelines, and human-use resources.
  - Button: Run ESI Query
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service IPaC Query Tool**
  - IPaC provides information about U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service trust resources for your selected area, including threatened and endangered species. It also provides recommended conservation measures tailored to your project activities and trust resource species.
  - Button: Run IPaC Query

At the bottom of the map, the status bar shows: Scale: 1 : 42,109, Zoom Level: 13, Location: 38.8485°, -76.9766°. The footer contains NOAA's Office of Response and Restoration Privacy Act Statement, US DOC | NOAA | NOS | NOAA Office of Response & Restoration Disclaimer | Privacy policy | Official Citation | Contact, and Coastal Response Research Center ©2007 - 2018 University of New Hampshire.

- Click **Delete Selected**. The selected polygon disappears from the map.
- To delete all of the polygons on the map click **Delete All**.

## ERMA Layer Query by Polygon Tool

The ERMA **Layer Query by Polygon Tool** allows you to create a subset of all active layers that are contained completely within the polygon(s) that drawn on the map, or which intersect the drawn polygons. All data for active layers is returned in a new browser window, and it can then be exported as:

- An Excel spreadsheet
- A KML (Google Earth) file
- A shapefile
- A Spatialite (SQLite) database

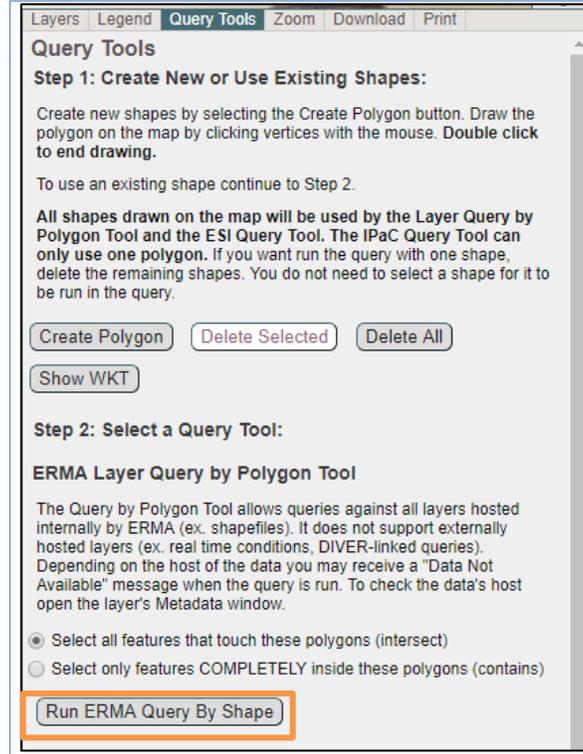
Metadata is available for each layer and is included in the export.

**IMPORTANT:** The ERMA Layer Query by Polygon tool returns data for ERMA-hosted layers only (i.e. Internal services such as shapefiles). It does not return data for layers that are hosted externally (i.e. External WMS feeds such as NOAA Nautical Charts or AIS vessels). If your selected layer is not able to be queried, a Comment in the results table will say "This layer is external to ERMA..."

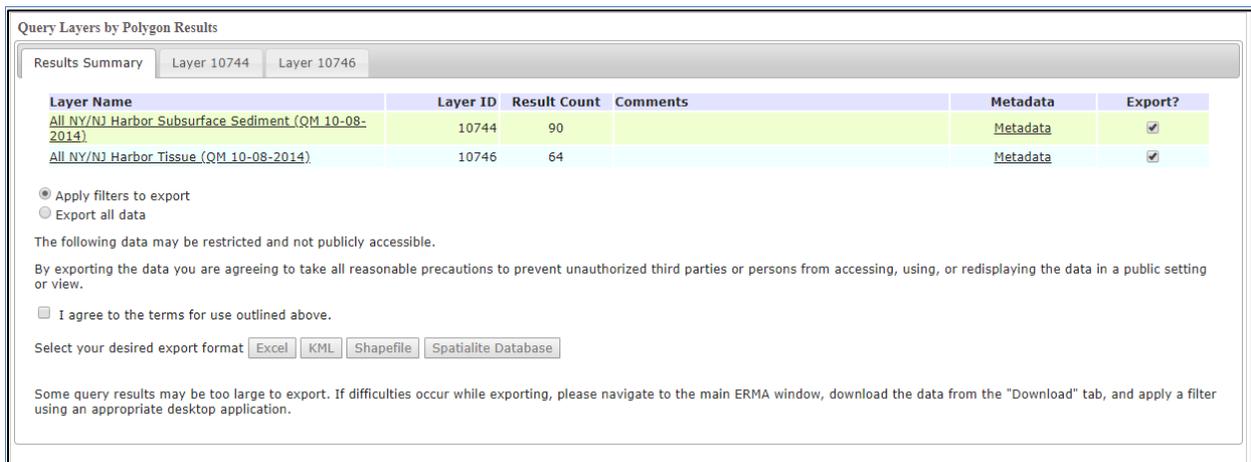
Query Layers by Polygon Results					
Results Summary					
Layer Name	Layer ID	Result Count	Comments	Metadata	Export?
Weather Radar Mosaic (NOAA)	482	Data Not Available	This layer is external to ERMA, such layers are not queryable using this tool.	<a href="#">Metadata</a>	
Tropical Cyclone & Hurricane Location and Forecast (NOAA)	491	Data Not Available	This layer is external to ERMA, such layers are not queryable using this tool.	<a href="#">Metadata</a>	
NWS Warnings (NOAA)	36022	Data Not Available	This layer is external to ERMA, such layers are not queryable using this tool.	<a href="#">Metadata</a>	
Potential Storm Surge Flooding - With Intertidal Mask (visible through zoom level 12 only) (NOAA)	18223	Data Not Available	This layer is external to ERMA, such layers are not queryable using this tool.	<a href="#">Metadata</a>	

### To query ERMA layers:

1. On the **Layers** tab, turn on all of the layers that you want to query so they appear on the map.
2. On the **Query Tools** tab, create one or more polygons using the procedure in [Creating a Polygon](#).
3. Click on the polygon(s) that you want to use in your query. To select multiple polygons, press the SHIFT key and click on each polygon you want to include.
4. Select one of these query types:
  - **Select all features that touch these polygons (intersect)** returns data for any feature in an active ERMA-hosted layer that is wholly or partially contained in the selected polygon(s).
  - **Select only features COMPLETELY inside these polygons (contains)** returns data for any feature in an active ERMA-hosted layer that is wholly contained in the selected polygon(s).



5. Click the **Run ERMA Query By Shape** button. ERMA will generate a subset of records based on your selections, and then display a new window tab similar to the one below.



The **Results Summary** tab lists each layer for which data exists and tells you whether there is data that could not be included because it is hosted externally. Separate tabs for each layer, denoted by the **Layer ID Number**, let you examine the layer's attribute data results in more detail.

- On the Layer ID tab, you can reorder a column's records using the **Sort** arrows next to the field name. Click the arrows once to sort alphabetically or numerically. Click them again to reverse the order.

siteid	studyid	studyname	stationid
Search siteid	Search study	Search studyname	Search stationid
2200	39	Sediment Sampling 1999	PRP-99-02
2200	39	Sediment Sampling 1999	PRP-99-07
2200	CC	Passaic Newark Bay RI Phase 2 2007 MPI Oversight	KK02SED081
2200	CC	Passaic Newark Bay RI Phase 2 2007 MPI Oversight	KK02SED096
2200	CC	Passaic Newark Bay RI Phase 2 2007 MPI Oversight	NB02SED070
2200	A1	Passaic Newark Bay RI Phase 2 2007	ER02SED083

- You can reorder the columns and field names left to right by grabbing the field name with your mouse and dragging it to a new location.
- You can customize the field names that you see by clicking the **Columns Shown** button. A list of the field names will appear. Check or uncheck the names you'd like to see or dismiss.

Showing 1 to 90 of 90 records

10/13 Columns Shown

Show all Columns       

siteid	studyid	studyname	objname
2200	92	Phase II RI 2006-07	220092SED-Y-2

Columns shown:  gid,  siteid,  studyid,  studyname,  stationid,  objname,  maplayer,  objsymbol,  objcolor,  objectid,  ingetinfo,  latitude,  longitude

- You can perform simple filters to search for words or numbers under each field name.
  - Choose a field in which you would like to search and make a subquery. In the **Search** box under the field name, type the word or numbers and the records will automatically filter. Quotes are not needed.

**Example:** Typing the phrase “LCP Chemical” in the “StudyName” field brings up all records with the phrase “LCP Chemical”.

Query Layers by Polygon Results

Results Summary Layer 10744 Layer 10746

All NY/NJ Harbor Subsurface Sediment (QM 10-08-2014) (Metadata)

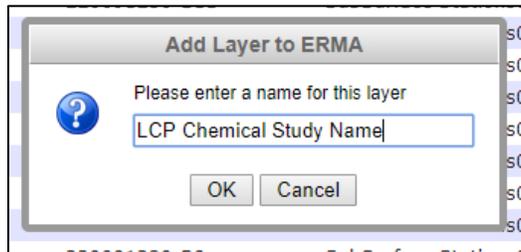
You may drag column headings to reorder them, or click on the arrows (↕) to sort by a column.  
 Showing 1 to 8 of 8 records (filtered from 90 records) Show 100 entries Search all columns:

10/13 Columns Shown Enable advanced filters

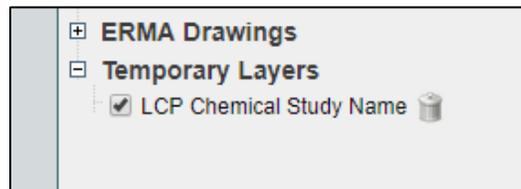
siteid	studyid	studyname	stationid	objname	maplayer	objsymbol	objcolor	objectid	ingetinfo
2200	92	LCP Chemicals Phase II RI 2006-07	SED-W-2	220092SED-W-2	SubSurface Stations02	214	DARKGREEN	0	
2200	92	LCP Chemicals Phase II RI 2006-07	SED-X-2	220092SED-X-2	SubSurface Stations02	214	DARKGREEN	0	
2200	92	LCP Chemicals Phase II RI 2006-07	SED-Y-2	220092SED-Y-2	SubSurface Stations02	214	DARKGREEN	0	
2200	92	LCP Chemicals Phase II RI 2006-07	SED-Z-2	220092SED-Z-2	SubSurface Stations02	214	DARKGREEN	0	
2200	BA	LCP Chemicals RI 2001, 2006, 2008	SED-W-2	2200BASED-W-2	SubSurface Stations02	215	DARKGREEN	0	
2200	BA	LCP Chemicals RI 2001, 2006, 2008	SED-X-2	2200BASED-X-2	SubSurface Stations02	215	DARKGREEN	0	
2200	BA	LCP Chemicals RI 2001, 2006, 2008	SED-Y-2	2200BASED-Y-2	SubSurface Stations02	215	DARKGREEN	0	
2200	BA	LCP Chemicals RI 2001, 2006, 2008	SED-Z-2	2200BASED-Z-2	SubSurface Stations02	215	DARKGREEN	0	

10. To show the results of your Query by Polygon or your subquery on the ERMA map, click the **Add to Map** button. A dialog will open for you to name your new layer.

**NOTE:** You must be logged into ERMA for the Add to Map button to appear. This Query by Polygon layer is temporary and not a permanent layer in ERMA. Also, it is not visible to other users, only to the user who created it. To see how to make it permanent please see Step 11.



Once you click **OK** the layer will be added to the ERMA Table of Contents at the bottom in a new folder called **Temporary Layers**. To delete the layer, click the trash can icon.

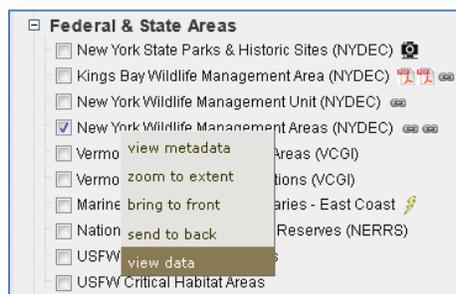


Back at the Layer’s results tab, you can continue to create new temporary subquery layers, or to clear the filter delete the phrase from the search field and click Enter.

11. When you are ready to export your data, return to the **Results Summary** tab. Decide whether you want to apply the filters to the exported data.
  - If you want to filter the data, select **Apply filters to export**.
  - If you want to export *all* of the data, select **Export all data**.
12. Clear the check box next to each layer that you *do not* want to include in the exported file.
13. Before exporting be sure to read the terms of agreement and check the box **I agree to the terms for use outlined above**.
14. Click the button for your desired data export format: Excel, KML, Shapefile, or Spatialite Database. When ERMA has finished creating the export file, a dialog box will ask you where you want to save the file.

## Adding Attribute Records to the Query by Polygon Tool

You learned earlier that you can view the attribute data of any internally hosted data by right-clicking on its name in the Table of Contents to get the [shortcut menu](#), then clicking **View Data**.

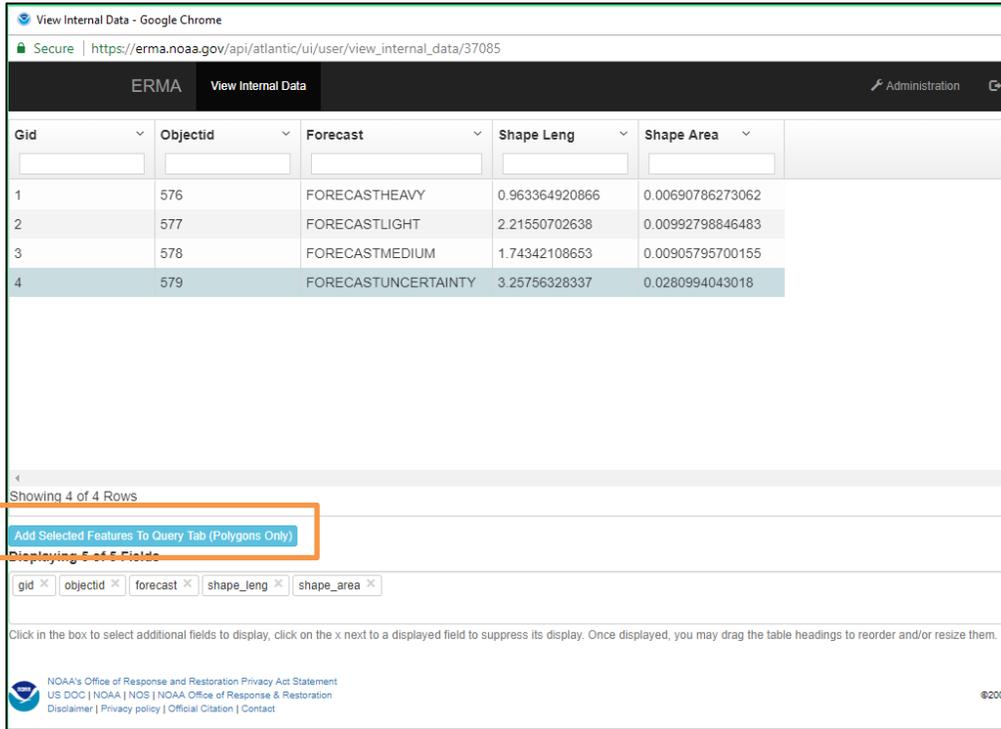


If you manually select records, or create a filter to select records, of a polygon feature you can add these highlighted records to the Query by Polygon tool.

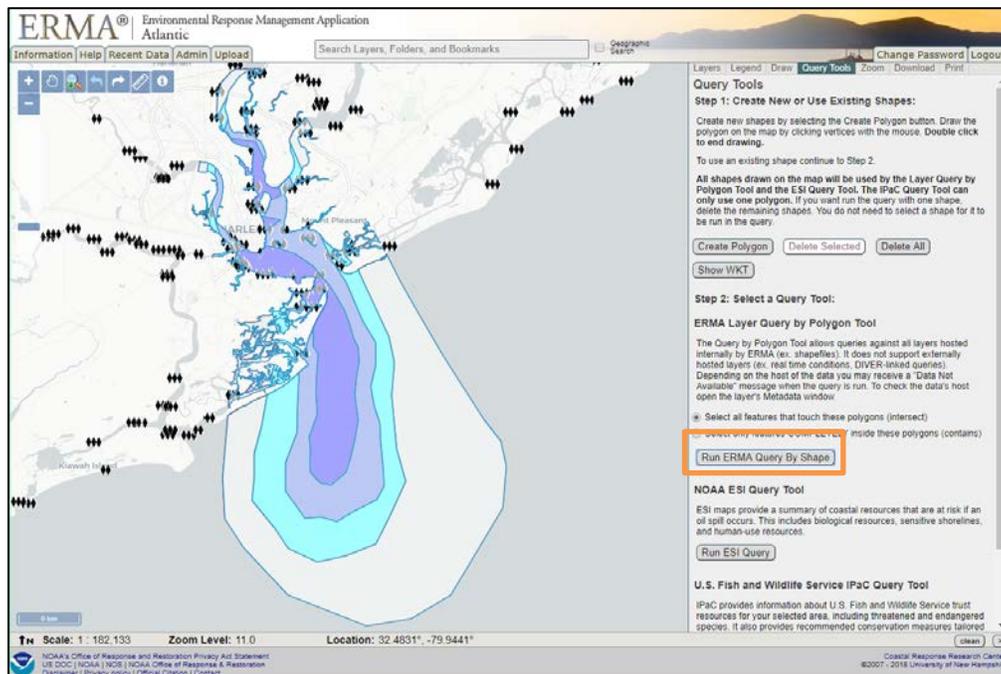
---

### To add polygon feature records to the Query Tab

1. Once the **View Internal Data** window is open, click on the record(s) of interest to highlight it in green.
2. At the bottom of the window click the **Add Selected Features To Query Tab (Polygons Only)** button.



3. Go to the **Query Tools** tab and your selected polygons will be outlined in blue and the polygon will be tinted gray.
4. In the Table of Contents, select the other layer(s) that you would like to query with you selected polygon(s). When ready, click the **Run ERMA Query by Shape** button.



- A new tab will appear with the results of your intersect query. The table will show you what data intersected within your selected polygon.

Query Layers by Polygon Results

Results Summary Layer 37085 Layer 1096

Layer Name	Layer ID	Result Count	Comments	Metadata	Export?
Trajectory Forecast Oil for 17-NOV-17 at 1800 (THIS IS A DRILL)	37085	4		Metadata	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Environmentally Sensitive Areas (FWRI)	1096	25		Metadata	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Apply filters to export  
 Export all data

The following data may be restricted and not publicly accessible.

By exporting the data you are agreeing to take all reasonable precautions to prevent unauthorized third parties or persons from accessing, using, or redisplaying the data in a public setting or view.

I agree to the terms for use outlined above.

Select your desired export format:

Some query results may be too large to export. If difficulties occur while exporting, please navigate to the main ERMA window, download the data from the "Download" tab, and apply a filter using an appropriate desktop application.

- You can now filter the results or export to one of the available formats.

## NOAA Environmental Sensitivity Index (ESI) Tool

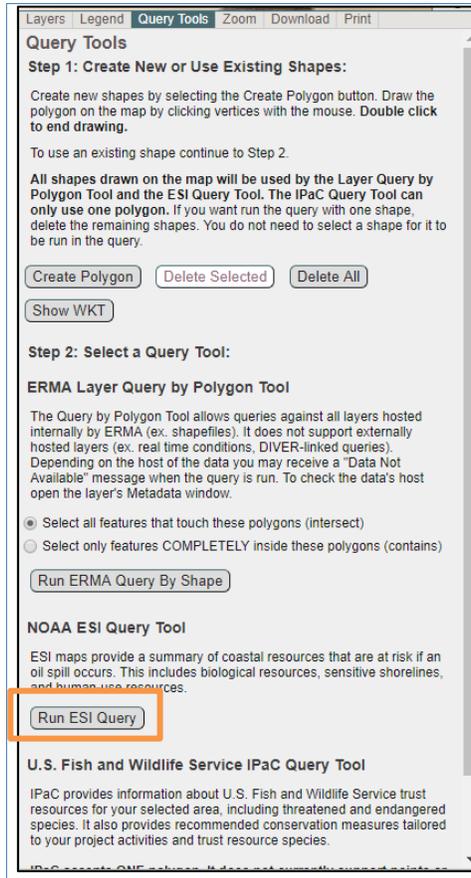
This tool allows you to create a NOAA Environmental Sensitivity Index (ESI) report that provides a summary of coastal resources that are at risk if an oil spill, or other hazardous incident, occurs. The summary includes biological resources, sensitive shorelines, and human-use resources.

**NOTE:** You do not need to turn on any ESI layers before following the steps below, the tool pools from an internal ESI database. You will choose the layers you want to query during the procedure.

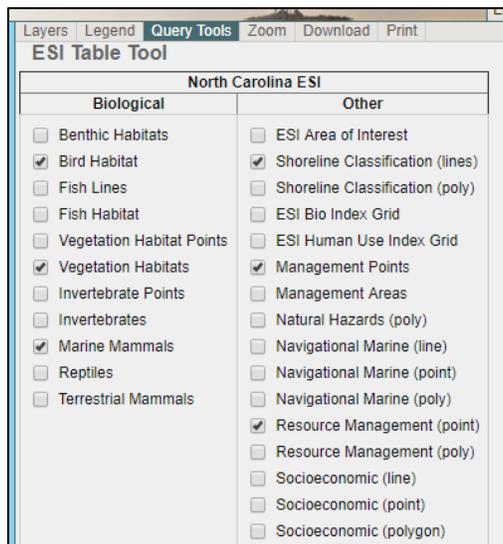
### To run an ESI query:

- On the **Query Tools** tab, create one or more polygons using the procedure in [Creating a Polygon](#).  
**NOTE:** Given the size of the ESI database and the time it takes to process large areas, it is a good idea to select a reasonably small area for your query (an island or section of shoreline, for example) rather than use a large region (such as an entire state).
- Click on the polygon(s) that you want to use in your query. To select multiple polygons, press the SHIFT key and click on each polygon you want to include.

3. Click the **Run ESI Query** button.



4. When the ESI Table Tool appears, select the data layers that you want included in the ESI report. All ESI Atlases that are available in your map view will appear so check any layers of interest from all available Atlases.



5. Select the check box for each month that you want the ESI report's data to cover. If you want data for a full year, click **Check All**.

Months of Interest

J  F  M  A  M  J  J  A  S  O  N  D

Report Area Intersection Summary

6. If you want the report to include a section listing data that involves more than one of the information types that you have selected, select the **Report Area Intersection Summary** check box.
7. Click **Run ESI Tool**. A report is generated and then displayed in a new window similar to the one shown below.

**NOTE:** If your ESI query does not produce results within a few minutes, you may need to quit the ESI tool and try again using a smaller polygon, fewer ESI layers, and/or fewer months.

https://erma.noaa.gov/erma\_esi.html - Google Chrome

Secure | https://erma.noaa.gov/erma\_esi.html

Environmental Sensitivity Index: Resources at Risk

Background and Instructions

Species listed in **Red** are either listed as Threatened (T) or Endangered (E) by the State (S) or Federal government (F)

**Notes:** Click on column headers to sort rows; hover or click on species link to get more information.

Summary Results

AOI total area: 3674 acres

**Chesapeake Bay Bird Habitat (points)**  
Did not intersect any features.

**Chesapeake Bay Bird Habitat**  
No special features flagged in this layer

**Chesapeake Bay Fish Habitat**  
2 unique species: **Atlantic sturgeon**, **Shortnose sturgeon**

**Chesapeake Bay Vegetation Habitats**  
Did not intersect any features.

**Virginia Bird Habitat**  
Did not intersect any features.

**Virginia Fish Habitat**

## U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) Tool

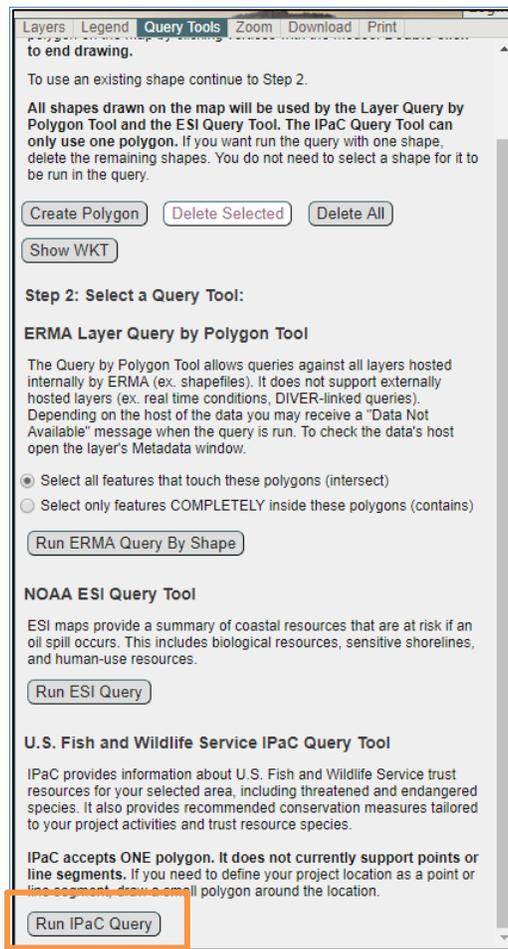
The Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system provides information about U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service trust resources for your selected area, including threatened and endangered species. It also provides recommended conservation measures tailored to your project activities and trust resource species.

### To run an IPaC query:

1. Create one or more polygons using the procedure in [Creating a Polygon](#).
2. Click on the polygon(s) that you want to use in your query. To select multiple polygons, press the SHIFT key and click on each polygon you want to include.

**NOTE:** IPaC does not currently support points or line segments. If you need to define your project location as a point or line segment, draw a small polygon around the location.

3. Click the **Run IPaC Query** button.



- A new external USFWS webpage will open with the results of your query, including summary text, thumbnail photos, and links to more information.

**IPaC** Information for Planning and Consultation U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service  
LOG IN

## Explore location

LOCAL OFFICE CHESAPEAKE BAY ESFO

LOCATION  
District of Columbia  
County, District of Columbia  
[CHANGE LOCATION](#)

### Resources

ENDANGERED SPECIES

**MIGRATORY BIRDS** 22

FACILITIES !

WETLANDS ✓

[PRINT RESOURCE LIST](#)

**What's next?**

Define a project at this location to evaluate potential impacts, get an official species list, and make species determinations.

[DEFINE PROJECT](#)

### Migratory birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act <sup>5</sup> and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act <sup>6</sup>.

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described [below](#).

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the [USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern](#) (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ [below](#). This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see maps of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit E-bird tools such as the [E-bird data mapping tool](#) (search for the name of a bird on your list to see specific locations where that bird has been reported to occur within your project area over a certain timeframe) and the [E-bird Explore Data Tool](#) (perform a query to see a list of all birds sighted in your county or region and within a certain timeframe). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list can be found [below](#).

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

**RELATED LINKS**

- [Birds of Conservation Concern](#)
- [Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds](#)
- [Nationwide conservation measures for birds](#)

**NOTE:** For help using the IPaC tool, go to <https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/>.

# ZOOM TAB

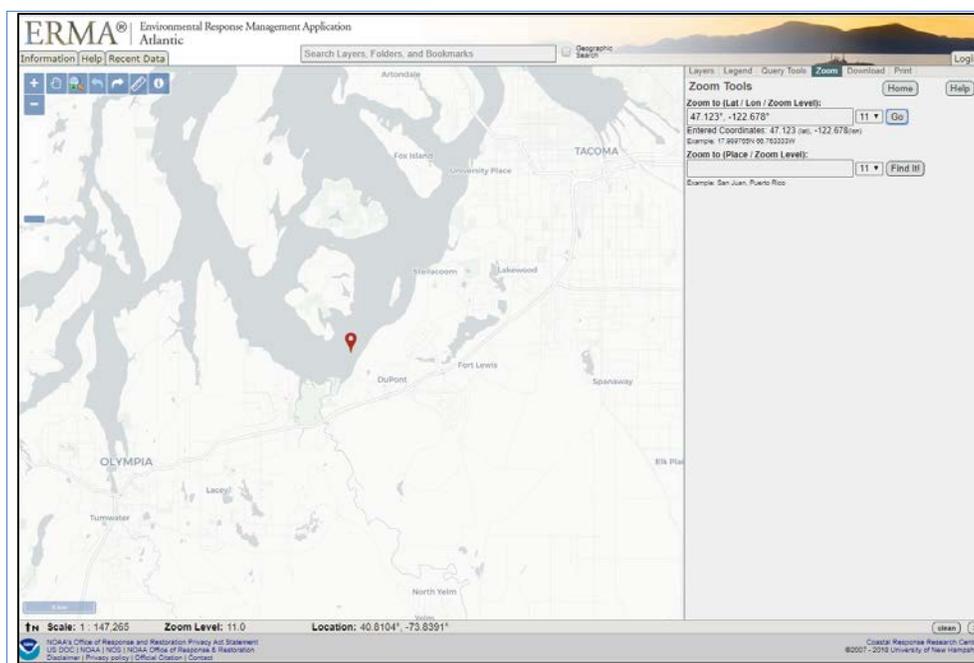
The **Zoom** tab allows you to zoom to a particular location in any of these ways:

- By latitude and longitude
- By the place name for a geographic location.
- By NAIS ship location using a ship's MMSI number or its name.

## Zooming By Latitude and Longitude (Lat/Lon)

### To zoom using latitude and longitude:

1. In the **Zoom to Lat/Lon** field, enter a known latitude and longitude in any of these formats:
  - Decimal degrees. For example:  
*18.384, -65.655*
  - Degrees decimal minutes. For example:  
*66 45.8000W.)*
  - Degrees minutes seconds. For example:  
*-66 45 48*
2. Select a zoom level from 1 (zoomed out to show the whole map) to 19 (zoomed in as close as possible).
3. Click **Go**. A place marker appears on the map at the exact location you selected.

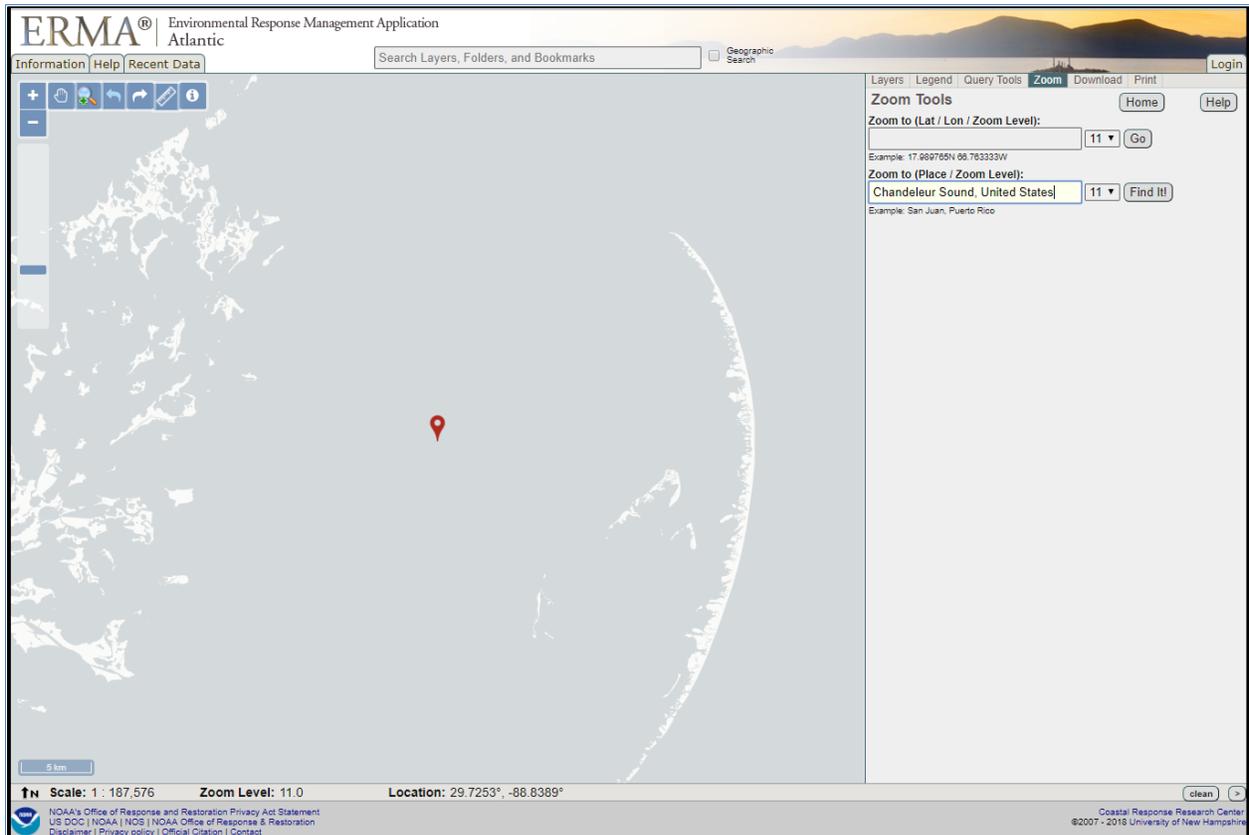


## Zooming By Place Name (Place)

### To zoom using a place name:

1. In the **Zoom to Place** field, enter the name of a geographic location or an address.  
*Hint: Enter an address or geographic name in the same format that you would use with Google Maps or other popular online map application. For example:*  

*Chandeleur Sound, Louisiana.*
2. A dropdown list of the exact or similar names will appear. Choose the one you would like to find.
3. Select a zoom level from 1 (zoomed out to show the whole map) to 19 (zoomed in as close as possible).
4. Click **Find It!** A place marker appears on the map at the location you selected.



## Zooming By Ship Number (Ship MMSI) or Ship Name

Users with the required privileges have access to the NAIS (Nationwide Automatic Information System) feed. This is a near real-time data feed that shows the name, location, status, and other details for most open-water vessels. If you know a particular ship's Maritime Mobile Service Identity (MMSI) number or the ship's name—or at least part of the number or name—you can use this tool to find its last received location.

### To zoom by ship number:

**NOTE:** It is helpful, although not necessary, to turn on the NAIS layer before or after zooming to a specific ship. It enables you to see the vessel locations and to use the Identify Tool to get additional information about the ship you've zoomed to.

1. Make sure you are logged in with the appropriate permissions to view the NAIS data (layer name **NAIS - All Vessels (last 8 hours)**). A new dialog box in the Zoom Tools panel will also appear.
2. In the **Zoom to Ship MMSI** field, enter at least four digits of the known ship's 9-digit MMSI number. If more than one ship matches the number or digits that you entered, a drop-down list appears. Select the ship that you want from the list.

The screenshot shows the ERMA Atlantic web application interface. The main map area displays a satellite view of a coastal region with labels for 'FISHON', 'DUE SOUTH III', and 'THE VI'. The Zoom Tools panel is open on the right side, showing three search options: 'Zoom to (Lat / Lon / Zoom Level)', 'Zoom to (Place / Zoom Level)', and 'Zoom to (Ship MMSI / Zoom Level)'. The 'Zoom to (Ship MMSI / Zoom Level)' field contains the value '3695'. Below this field, a list of ships is displayed, each with its name and MMSI number. The ships listed are:

ANN MORAN - 367369550
APOLLO - 369564000
BLUE DOLPHIN - 369552000
COMMODORE - 369515000
CONSTANCE JOY - 369571000
CRISTOBAL - 369596000
DETERMINATION - 369578000
GULF TITAN - 369514000
HARVEST LEGEND - 538003695
HOS RIDGEWIND - 369528000
JULIEFISH - 369566000
LIGHTNING - 369533000
LINDA TAYLOR - 366936950
MYSTIC - 369591000
OCEAN PATRIOT - 369588000
PACIFIC EXPLORER - 369531000
POLAR RESOLUTION - 369540000
Q4000 - 369550000
ROYAL AMERICAN - 369511000
SEA POWER - 369526000
SEA RELIANCE - 369567000
SEA ROBIN - 366836950
SOUND RELIANCE - 369580000

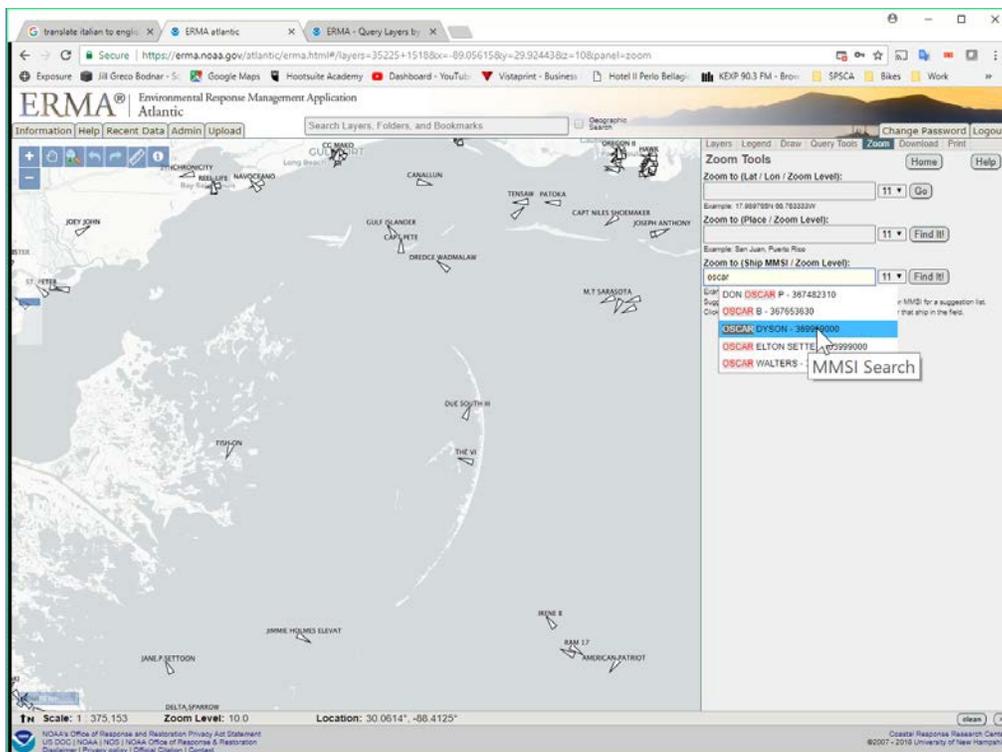
The interface also shows a search bar at the top, a map scale of 1:187,576, and a zoom level of 11.0. The location coordinates are 30.0415°, -88.7441°.

3. Select a zoom level from 1 (zoomed out to show the whole map) to 19 (zoomed in as close as possible).
4. Click **Find It!** A place marker appears on the map showing the most recent received location of the ship.



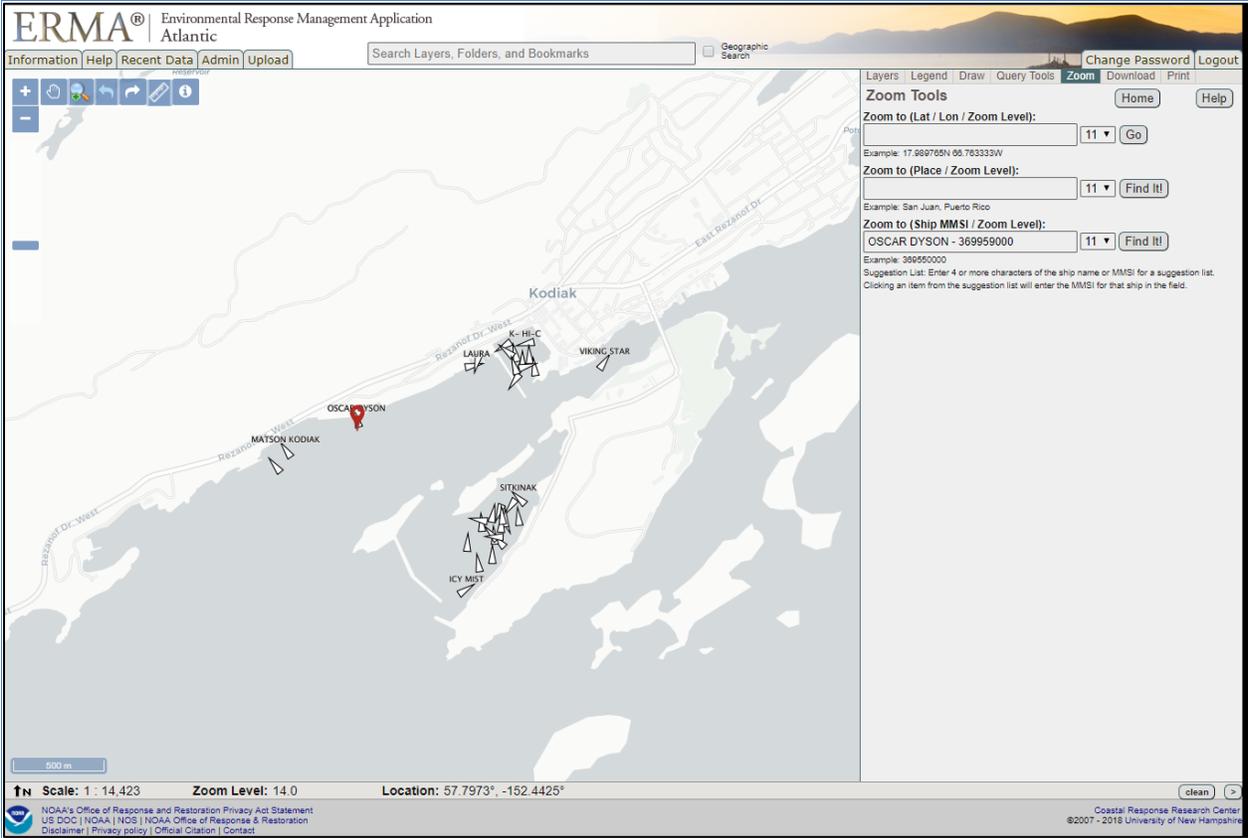
**To zoom by ship name:**

1. In the **Zoom to Ship MMSI** field, enter at least four characters of the known ship's name. If more than one ship matches the name or characters that you entered, a drop-down list appears. Select the ship that you want from the list.



2. Select a zoom level from 1 (zoomed out to show the whole map) to 19 (zoomed in as close as possible).

3. Click **Find It!** A place marker appears on the map showing the most recent received location of the ship.



# DOWNLOAD TAB

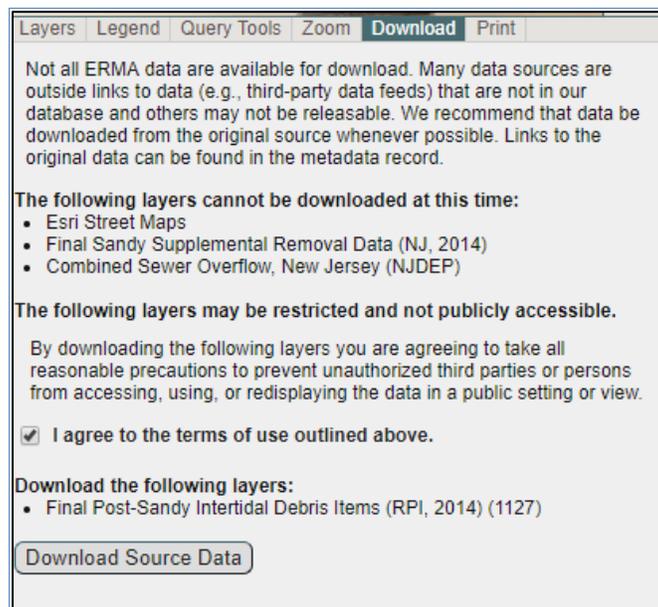
ERMA users can download shapefile data to their computer for use in ArcMap or other GIS application.

**NOTE:** *Not all layers are available to download, some may be restricted.*

---

## To download shapefile data:

1. On the **Layers** tab, turn on the layers that you want to download.
2. Select the **Download** tab. You'll see a list of the layers that are available for downloading. You'll also see the layers that cannot currently be downloaded, if there are any.



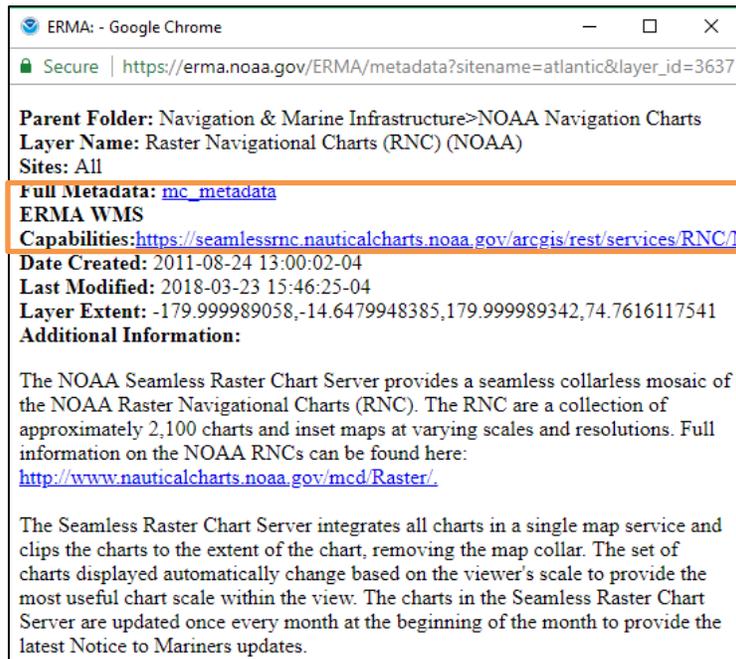
3. After reading the **Terms of Use**, check the box agreeing to these terms.
4. Click **Download Source Data**. Your browser will then prompt you to save a ZIP file that contains the full shapefile data.
  - No legend information is downloaded unless a LYR legend file was originally uploaded with the shapefile. In this case, the LYR file will be included.
  - Multiple shapefiles are saved into a single file called erma.zip rather than as separate ZIP files. Within that ZIP file are individual folders for each shapefile.

## Interoperability

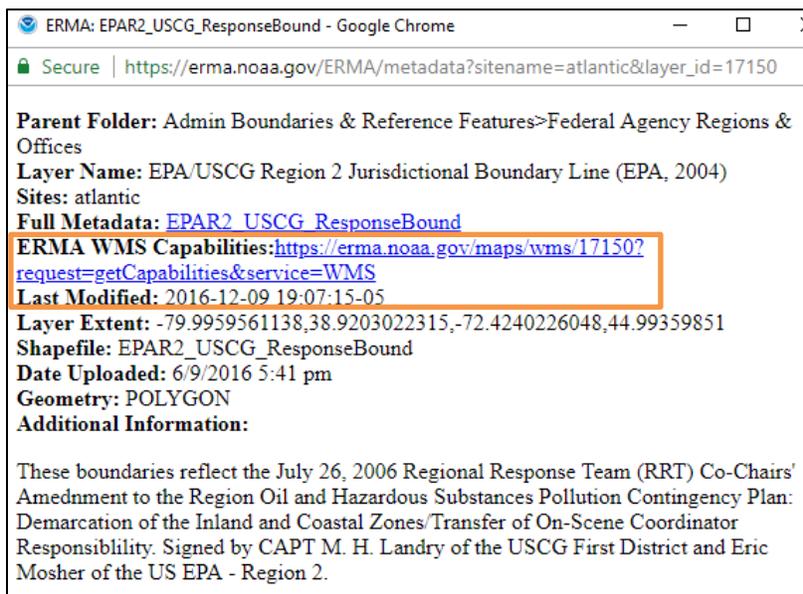
Sharing datasets among agency partners who use different systems is integral in the modern era of web mapping technology. One of ERMA's strengths is its ability for "interoperability" between other web mapping and database systems. ERMA has been developed to easily ingest different types of data

from our partners, whether a WMS, ArcREST, or GeorSS data feed from different server databases. For example, the field data collected by the EPA and managed in a database on their server can be quickly fed into ERMA. This allows the EPA to manage its own data, but for ERMA to display it to our specific audience. Our ERMA data managers work throughout the year with agency partners to ensure that ERMA can ingest their data seamlessly when an emergency situation may occur.

Datasets that ERMA takes in and displays from other agencies will have an **ERMA WMS Capabilities** link in the layer's metadata lite going to the host agency's capabilities page. The user is able to use this information to bring the data into their own project.



In addition to taking in external datasets, ERMA can provide WMS data feeds for all layers that it hosts as a shapefile and may not have a data feed from its originator. In a layer's metadata lite window is an **ERMA WMS Capabilities** link that a user can use to bring the ERMA data into their own project.



ERMA can also provide WMS feeds to restricted datasets such as trajectories, field sampling, or SCAT data that may be created during an incident. The user will need to work with the ERMA data manager to obtain the token credentials for ingesting the protected ERMA WMS data.

# PRINT TAB

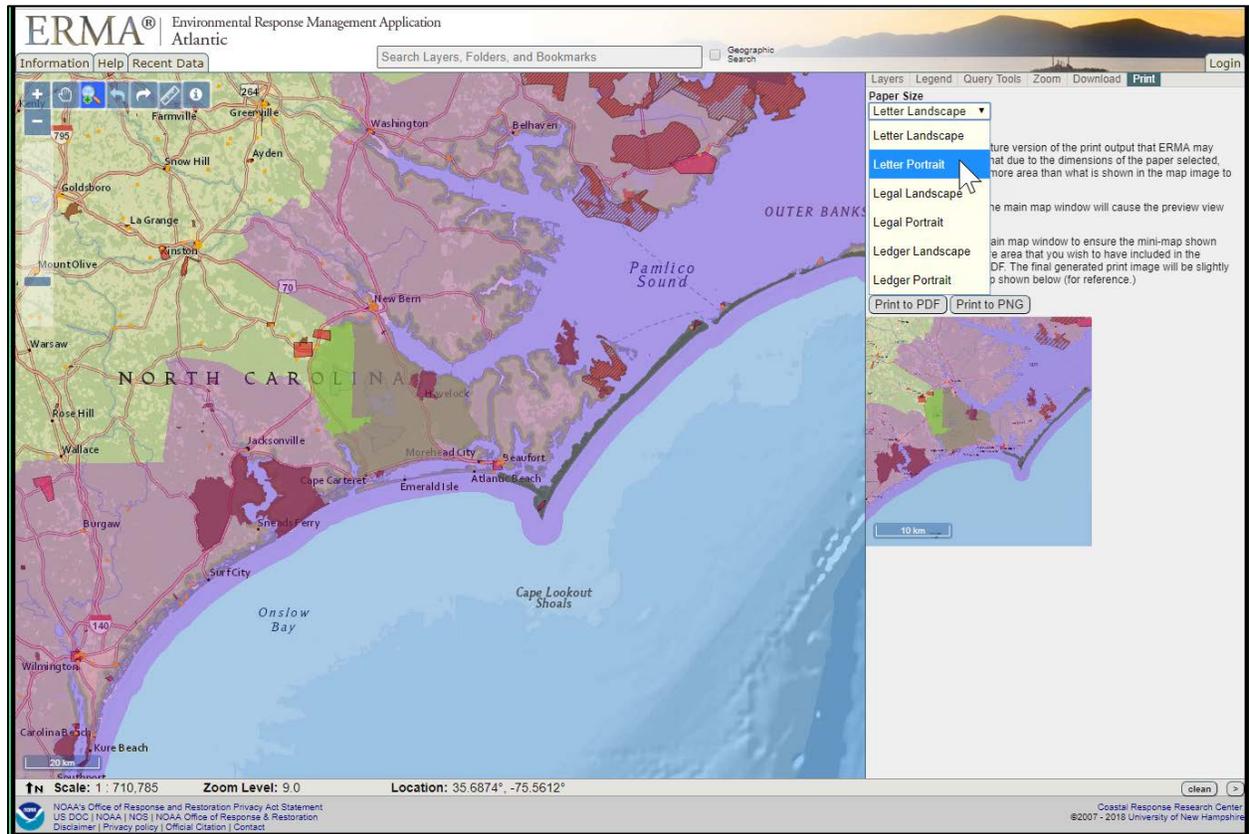
This tab allows you to print a PDF or PNG version of the map displayed in the ERMA window. The PDF is better for printing, and the PNG is better for using as an image in presentation software.

## To print a map displayed in the ERMA window:

1. On the ERMA window, select the **Print** tab. A thumbnail preview of your map and data are displayed in the right panel. This is a preview of what will appear on the printed map.

The screenshot shows the ERMA Atlantic web application interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'Information', 'Help', and 'Recent Data' links, a search box for layers and bookmarks, and a 'Geographic Search' checkbox. The main map area displays a map of the North Carolina coast, including Pamlico Sound, Onslow Bay, and Cape Lookout Shoals. The map is overlaid with various colored regions and features. On the right side, the 'Print' tab is active, showing a 'Paper Size' dropdown menu set to 'Letter Landscape'. Below this, there is a text box explaining that the preview shows a miniature version of the print output and that panning and zooming will update the preview. There are also 'Print to PDF' and 'Print to PNG' buttons. A small thumbnail map is visible below the text. At the bottom of the interface, the status bar displays 'Scale: 1 : 710,785', 'Zoom Level: 9.0', and 'Location: 35.4752°, -77.6843°'. The footer contains copyright information for NOAA and the Coastal Response Research Center.

Under Paper Size, select the size of the paper you will print the map on, and the orientation of the map image on the paper.



2. Use the Map Tools on the left to adjust the zoom level of your map. You can also pan to the extent you want. The thumbnail preview will automatically update.
3. In your web browser, open the print settings and make sure that the paper size and orientation match what you have selected on ERMA's **Print** tab.
4. Click **Print to PDF** or **Print to PNG** button. Depending on the number of layers that are turned on and the complexity of the map, it may take a minute for the map to generate. ERMA creates a printable PDF file that you can save to your desktop. When you open the PDF file, you'll see that the map includes:
  - An ERMA header with the region you are working in
  - A legend on the right
  - A footer at the bottom with the date the map was printed. If you are logged in, your name will also appear in the footer.

# ADVANCED TOOLS: DRAW TAB

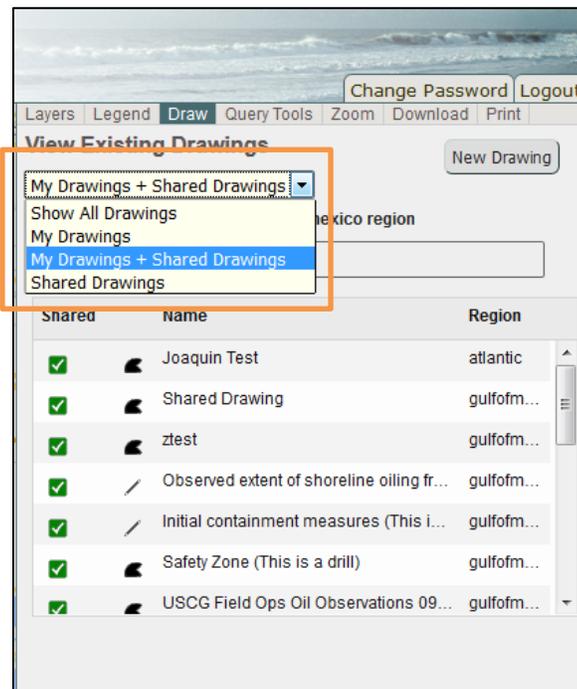
Certain users have access to ERMA Advanced Tools, including the **Draw tool**. If you have this permission then a new tab will appear on the right side of ERMA. The **Draw** tab allows you to draw points, lines, and polygons on the map, assign attributes, and share them with other ERMA users with the appropriate permissions. The drawings can also be made into ERMA layers in the Table of Contents and downloaded as GIS shapefiles depending on a user's permissions.

## Draw Tab Overview

### View list of Drawings:

Depending on your account permissions you will see up to four options to view different Drawings:

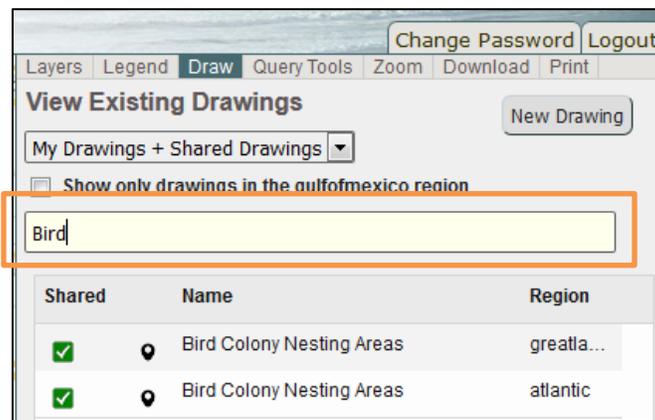
1. **Show All Drawings:** By all users in all regions
2. **My Drawings:** Only the Drawings you've created
3. **My Drawings + Shared Drawings:** The default setting of your Drawings and any shared ones
4. **Shared Drawings:** Only shared Drawings



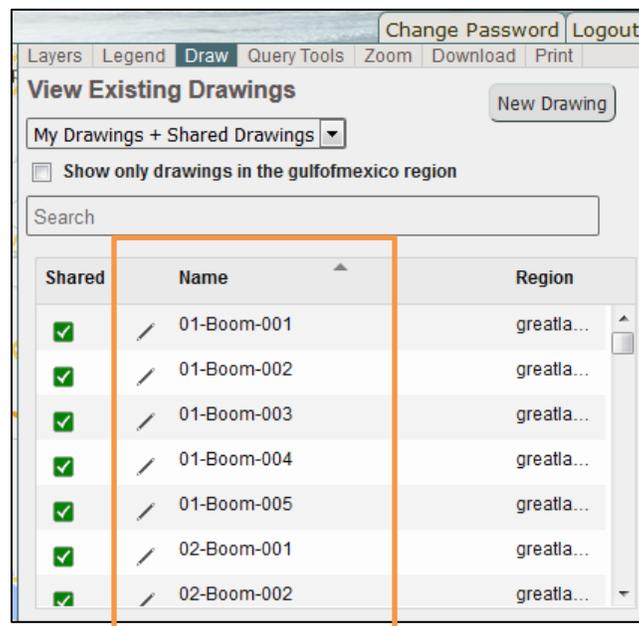
The other default setting is for a checked box to **Show Only Drawings in the [local] Region**. If you have permission to see other regions then you will be able to see those drawings when this box is unchecked.



To easily **search** the Drawings by Name or Region, type in the Search box and the Drawings table will be filtered by your search criteria.



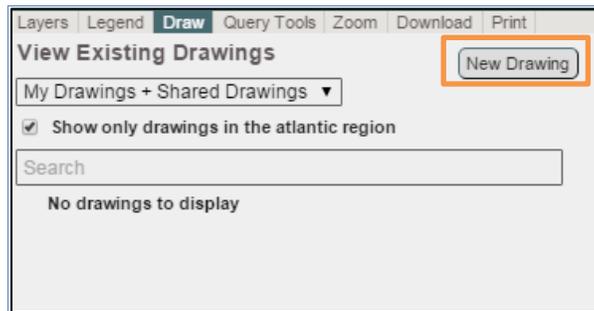
You can also **sort** the Drawings by Shared status, Name, or Region. Click on the field name and the column will automatically sort. A small black arrow will appear above the column that is being sorted.



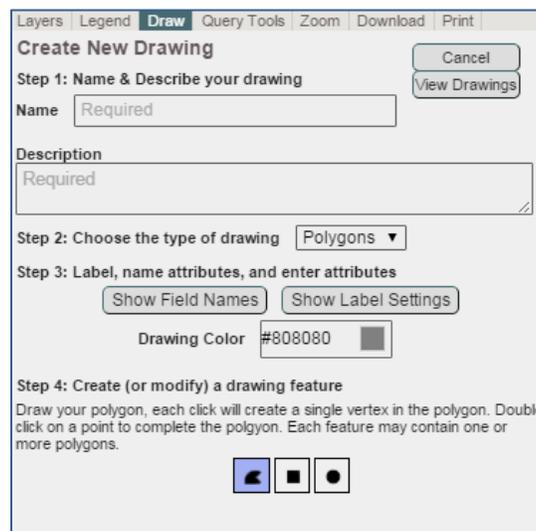
## Creating a New Drawing

### To create a new Drawing:

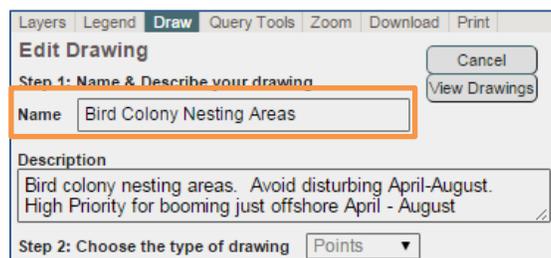
Select the **Draw** tab and click **New Drawing**. The Create New Drawing panel will appear.



**NOTE:** When users click the Draw tab, by default the user will see My Drawings + Shared Drawings only in their region.



- Step 1: Name & Describe Your Drawing.** In the **Name** field (required) type a descriptive name for your drawing. For example:



In the **Description** field (required), type of brief description of the drawing. This description will populate the metadata lite once the drawing is saved and the layer is created.

- Step 2: Choose the type of drawing.** In the drop-down menu you can pick points, lines, or polygons.

**NOTE:** *Until you have added a feature you can change the geometry type. Once a feature is added, you will need to either click cancel at the top right or delete all added features to change geometry type.*

- Step 3: Choose a Drawing Profile.** By default, you will use the Drawing profile, but there are options to use other profiles to create commonly used features such as GRP Priority Sites or DARRP Cases. The profile option allows these common features to be standardized whenever they are made. The Draw tool will pre-populate some required fields (denoted by "auto") and provide standard field names for you to fill out. Choose a profile then click the Show Field Names button to see what attributes have been standardized.

- Step 4: Label, name attributes, and enter attributes.** Click on the **Show Fields Names** button to expand the option of creating and naming fields for attributes. Add or remove field names as needed. The field names cannot contain spaces or special characters. You will be prompted if your field name does not meet the requirements.

**NOTE:** *By selecting Hide Field Names, these options will return to hidden.*

Click on the **Show Label Settings** button to expand the option of customizing the labels size, color, and placement for your drawing.

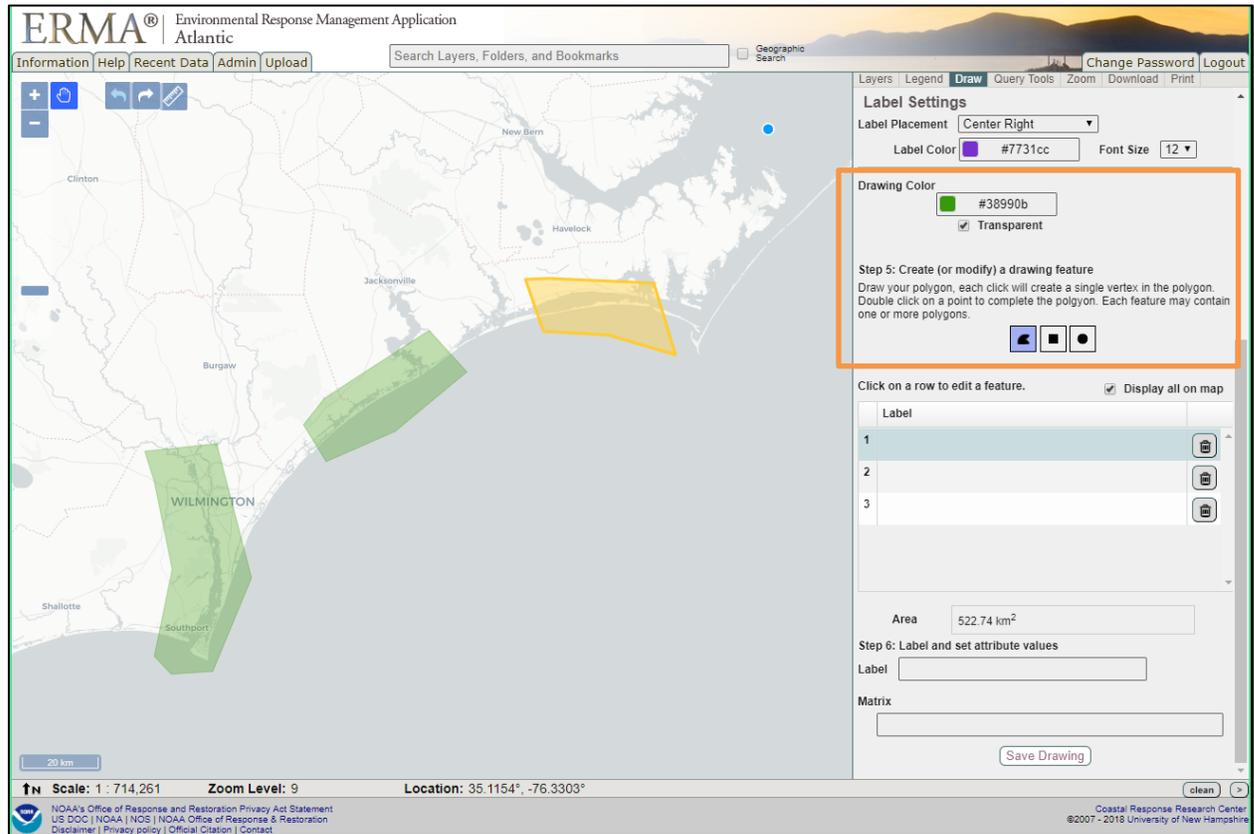
The image shows a 'Label Settings' dialog box with the following controls:

- Label Placement:** A dropdown menu currently showing 'Center Right'.
- Label Color:** A color swatch showing a purple color, with the hex code '#7731cc' displayed next to it.
- Font Size:** A dropdown menu currently showing '12'.

**NOTE:** By selecting *Hide Label Settings* these options will return to hidden.

5. **Step 5: Create (or modify) a drawing feature.** Select your **Drawing Color**, including an option to make the feature semi-Transparent to more easily see the map underneath. Click the appropriate drawing tool and add the features by clicking the map to or typing a lat/long.
  - a. Polygon options – Choose a free-drawing polygon, a square, or a circle to create. When drawing the circle, click once to complete the drawing. Its Area, Diameter, and Radius will appear in a table at the bottom of the Draw panel. To draw the polygon, click the vertices on the map and double click to close the polygon when finished. The polygon’s Area will appear in a table at the bottom of the Draw panel.
  - a. Line options – Click on the line icon then use your mouse to create the vertices on the map. Double click to complete the end of the line when finished. The line’s Length will appear in a table at the bottom of the Draw panel.
  - b. Point options – Click on the point icon then click on the map to create a new feature. The latitude/longitude fields will automatically be populated. Alternatively, you can enter a latitude/longitude in the fields then click the **Add Point** button to have it appear on the map. You can change the latitude/longitude and click the **Update Point** button as needed.

Each feature you create will be listed in a table at the end of Step 5. You can edit a feature by clicking on it in the table and making changes to its size, color, etc. in the preceding steps. You can delete a feature by clicking on it then selecting the trash can symbol next to it.



- Step 6: Label and set attribute values.** Once the shape has been created you have the option to create a **Label** and/or **Set Attribute Values** for each feature. If you have chosen to add attribute fields you can enter in values for the attributes in this section.

**NOTE:** All shapes in each feature will share the same attributes. If you need different attribute values for other shapes then you will need to add another feature to enter those values.

**NOTE:** If you have multiple features you can choose to show all of them on the map as you work or you can show only the selected feature that you are working on.

7. Finally, click the **Save Drawing** button to add your Drawing to the table. ERMA stores the following metadata, which you see when clicking on your drawing in the table:

- Name
- Creator
- Description
- Profile Name
- Create Date
- Layer ID Number – each drawing is giving a unique ID number in the ERMA database

Shar...	Name	Region
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Helicopter Crash, Long Island City, N...	atlantic
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hurricane Harvey AOI, as of 28 August	atlantic
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hurricane Irma AOI Effective 8 SEPT	atlantic
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hurricane Nate AOI 8 Oct	atlantic
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hurricane Nate AOI 9 OCT (FINAL)	atlantic
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Incident Location (THIS IS A DRILL)	atlantic

**Name** Incident Location (THIS IS A DRILL)  
**Creator** JB Huyett  
**Description** Incident location for the Sector MD PREP Exercise. Scenario: train derailment on the Amtrak Commuter line of a 30 car HAZMAT train. Spill contains both Bakken Crude and home heating oil.  
**Profile Name** Drawing  
**Create Date** Sep 20, 2017 9:50:49 AM  
**Layers** 36483

- Once you click Save Drawing, your drawing will be listed in **My Drawings** under View Existing Drawings as well as in the table of contents. If you have the permissions to do so, here you can choose to **Share** your drawing with other users who have the permissions to see shared drawings. A green check box will appear next to the Drawing name indicating it has been shared.

The left screenshot shows the 'View Existing Drawings' interface with the 'My Drawings' dropdown selected. The 'Show only drawings in the atlantic region' checkbox is checked. The table lists two drawings: 'Bird Colony Nesting Areas' (atlantic) and 'TEST' (atlantic). Below the table, the 'share' button is highlighted with a red arrow.

The right screenshot shows the same interface, but the 'Bird Colony Nesting Areas' drawing is now marked as shared (green checkmark in the 'Shared' column). The details for this drawing are shown below: Name: Bird Colony Nesting Areas, Creator: [redacted], Description: sghae TEST, Create Date: Jan 29, 2016 3:37:46 PM, Layers: 15669.

**NOTE:** To see drawings that other users have shared, select **Shared Drawings** from the drop down.

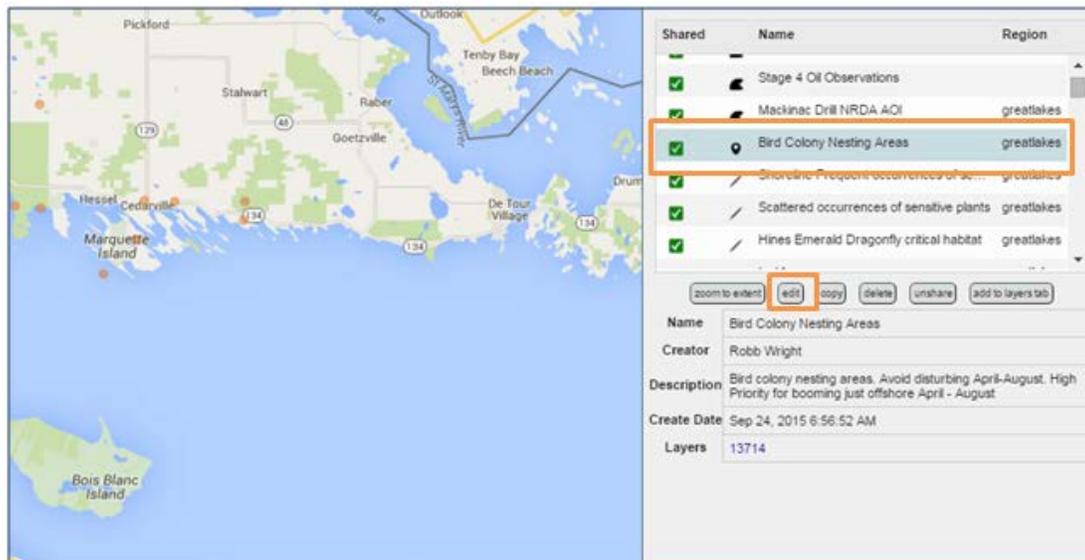
**NOTE:** Drawings can only be deleted by their owner or by those with Admin permissions; a warning message will appear to ensure you want to delete your drawing.

## Editing a Drawing

ERMA allows you to modify Drawings that you created. Users with Admin permissions can edit Drawings created by others.

### To edit an existing Drawing:

1. Select the **Draw** tab, and open the drop-down bar to locate one of the options:
  - **Show all Drawings** – All drawings from across all ERMA regions will be displayed in a searchable table below.
  - **My Drawings** – Only drawings you have created will be displayed in a searchable table below.
  - **My Drawings + Shared Drawings** – Both drawings I have created and drawings that other users have shared with me will be displayed in a searchable table below.
  - **Shared Drawings** – Only drawings that other users have shared with me will be displayed in a searchable table below.
2. Once you have found the drawing you would like to edit, **select** the row. ERMA will automatically zoom to the extent of the drawing.



3. Directly below the table you will find the **edit** button (see above), click it.
 

**NOTE:** You can only edit drawings that you own or if you have Admin permissions.
4. The **Edit Drawing** panel will appear. You will have the options to change, subtract, or add features to the drawing.
5. Based on your level of privileges, do any or all of the following:
  - Enter a new name or description, or use the Color drop-down list to change the color of the drawing's figure.

- Change the figure's location by clicking anywhere on the figure and dragging it to the new location.
- Change the figure's shape by clicking on any of the figure's vertexes (or on the grab point located in the middle of each side) and dragging.
- Add additional points, lines, or polygons by selecting the appropriate tool and entering in coordinates or simply clicking on the map.

**NOTE:** There is no "Undo" button so if at any time you would like to cancel the edits that have been made to the drawing, click **Cancel** at the top right-hand side of the panel.

6. If you would like to make edits to labels or set attribute values, do so in the last step, then click **Save Drawing**.

Click on a row to edit a feature.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Display all on map
	Label	
1	Area 1	
2	Area 2	
3	Area 3	

Area: 1015.14 km<sup>2</sup>

Step 6: Label and set attribute values

Label: Area 2

Matrix: Sediment

WaterBody: Atlantic Ocean

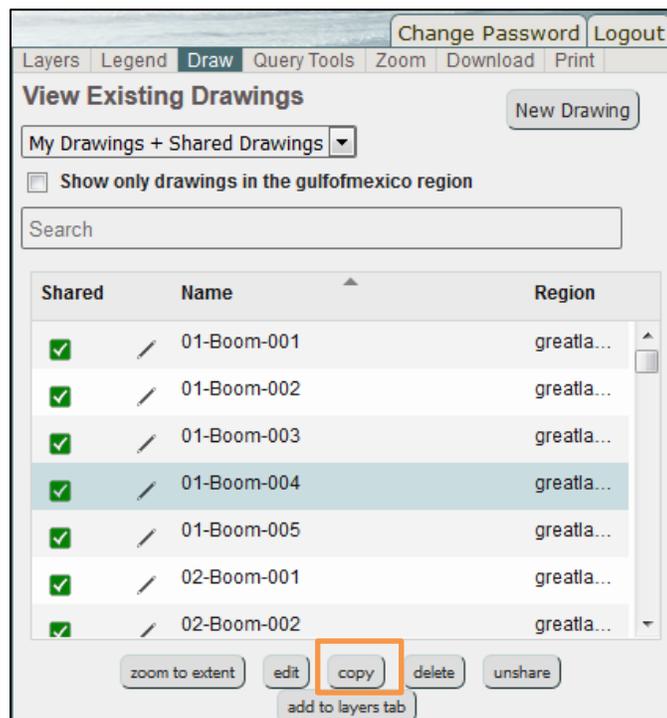
Save Drawing

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### To Copy an Existing Drawing:

You can copy one of your own drawings or another user's drawing, rename it, and edit as needed.

1. In the Drawings table highlight the drawing you would like to copy.
2. Below the table click the **Copy** button.
3. The **Create New Drawing** dialog panel will appear. Give a name to your copy, and edit the description, color, shape, or attributes. Click the **Save** button when finished.
4. The copied Drawing appears in the table. By default, it is not shared. Click the **Share** button to share with other users.



### Adding a Drawing to the TOC

There are two ways to add Drawings to the Layers tab, or ERMA Table of Contents:

- Add a drawing to the My Drawings folder
- Add a drawing to the Shared Drawings folder

Each of these requires different account permissions.

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### To add a Drawing to the My Drawings folder:

Drawings that are not shared will appear in the My Drawings folder in the Draw tab and in the Layer tab's Table of Contents.

1. If a drawing is removed from the Table of Contents by clicking on the trash can next to the layer, it can be added again by clicking the **Add to Layers Tab** button below the drawings table. This

will make the drawing appear in your **My Drawings** folder at the bottom of the Table of Contents. No other users will be able to see these drawings.



2. To remove this layer, click the garbage can icon next to the layer's name.

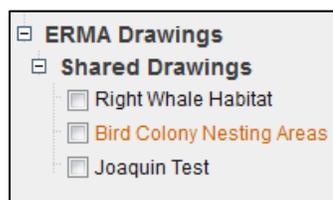
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### To add a Drawing to the Shared Drawings folder:

1. Drawings in the **Shared Drawings** folder must first be shared in the Draw tab. In the drawings table select the drawing you want to share and click the **Share** button. A green checkmark will appear next to the drawing's name.



Next, click the **Add to Layers Tab** button. ERMA will take you to the Layers tab. At the bottom of the TOC will be a folder called **Shared Drawings** with your new layer. Currently the layer is set to Public and anyone with access to ERMA can see the shared drawing.

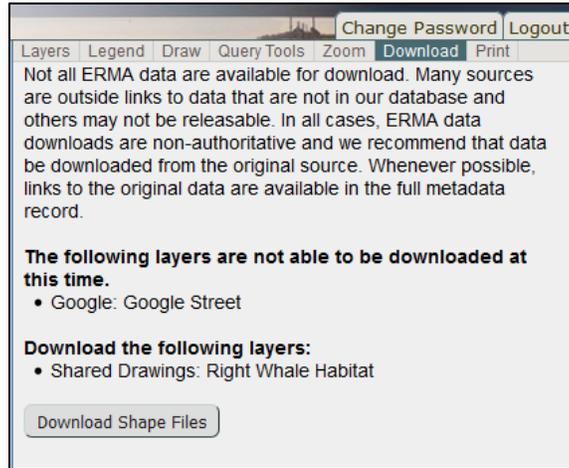



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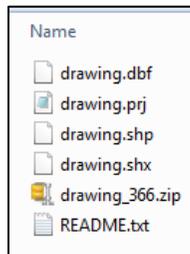
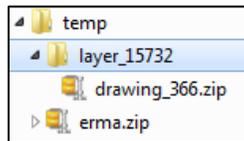
### Download the Layer as a Shapefile

Once your drawings have been added to the Layers tab, either as My Drawings, Shared Drawings, or in a TOC folder, you can download the layer as a GIS shapefile.

1. Click the checkbox next to the name of the layer or layers you want to download.
2. Go to the **Download** tab and click the **Download Shape Files** button.



3. You will be prompted to save an **ERMA.zip** file to your desktop. Select the destination and click **Save**.
4. Unzip the file on your desktop. You will find a folder named with the LayerID number. Inside is another zip file with the shapefile named "drawing". The attributes of your drawing will be in the shapefile DBF.



# APPENDIX

This user guide was developed by NOAA's Office of Response and Restoration Spatial Data Branch. For more information please contact [orr.erma@noaa.gov](mailto:orr.erma@noaa.gov) and see the following resources.

- [Office of Response and Restoration ERMA webpage](#)
- [Office of Response and Restoration Environmental Sensitivity Index webpage](#)
- [Office of Response and Restoration DIVER webpage](#)
- [ERMA Citation](#)
  - *ERMA. 2015. Web Application: [Regional ERMA Site] Environmental Response Management Application, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Retrieved: [Month, Day, Year], from [http://erma.noaa.gov/\[region\]](http://erma.noaa.gov/[region])*
- [ERMA Disclaimer](#)
  - *This Regional ERMA site was constructed for the purpose of presenting data to assist in response planning, site assessment and restoration activities and decision making in the region. Unless otherwise noted, the data contained within this site have undergone only limited NOS quality assurance review; however, the data may have not yet undergone final verification by the data producer. Users of these data should refer to the original, authoritative sources and review the provided metadata to understand the currency and limitations of the data from these data providers. NOAA cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of data provided by other agencies or partners.*
- [NOAA National Ocean Service Privacy Policy](#)